1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA
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4	In re: National Hockey League MDL No. 14-2551 (SRN/JSM)
	Players' Concussion Injury
5	Litigation St. Paul, Minnesota
6	Courtroom 7B (ALL ACTIONS) March 4, 2015
7	1:00 p.m.
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10	BEFORE THE HONORABLE SUSAN RICHARD NELSON
11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
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13	STATUS CONFERENCE & NHL'S MOTION TO COMPEL
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23	Official Court Reporter: Heather Schuetz, RMR, CRR, CCP
24	NCRA Realtime Systems Administrator U.S. Courthouse, Ste. 146
25	316 North Robert Street St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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16	Also Present: Julie Grand (appearing telephonically), In-House Counsel for the National Hockey League
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PROCEEDINGS 1 2. IN OPEN COURT 3 (Commencing at 1:00 p.m.) 4 THE COURT: We are here this afternoon in the matter of the National Hockey League Players' Concussion Injury 5 6 Litigation. This is civil file, MDL file 14-2551. 7 understand that there are some folks on the phone here, and I believe you were advised that you're welcome to be on the 8 9 phone, but just because of the mechanics of the phone we can't 10 have you enter your appearance. But I understand that when each side enters their appearance, they will identify the 11 12 folks on the phone. So, let's begin with the Plaintiffs. 13 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. First 14 of all, I want to thank you for changing the date to 15 accommodate a personal convenience of mine, and I appreciate 16 that very much, and everybody, thank you. I understand 17 there's a trial going on that --18 THE COURT: A murder trial. Yes. 19 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Yes, so I understand that's in 20 Thank you. recess. 21 I want to sort of give an overview. I think it's 22 maybe time to do a little reflection. 23 THE COURT: But let's enter appearances first. 24 MR. ZIMMERMAN: I beg your pardon. I'm Charles 25 Zimmerman, Your Honor. I'm here for the Plaintiffs.

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               THE COURT: Okay. And I'll let you get back up in a
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     minute, but let's make sure we have a record of who's here
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     today.
               MR. DAVIDSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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     Davidson from Robbins Geller on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
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 6
               MR. GRYGIEL: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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     Grygiel on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
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               MR. GUDMUNDSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Brian
 9
     Gudmundson of Zimmerman Reed on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
               MR. BLEICHNER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Bryan
10
     Bleichner from Chestnut Cambronne on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
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               MR. SCOTT ANDRESON: Good afternoon, Judge. Scott
13
     Andreson, Bassford Remele, for the Plaintiffs.
14
               MR. GOODWIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
15
     Goodwin, Gustafson Gluek, for the Plaintiffs.
               MR. KLOBUCAR: Good afternoon, Judge. Jeff Klobucar
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     with Bassford Remele appearing on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
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     Also, in accordance with what the Court just said, appearing
19
     with us telephonically today are six attorneys. From the
20
     Corboy firm in Chicago, Caitlyn Geoffrion and William Gibbs.
21
     From the Zelle Hoffman firm, Michael Cashman and Shawn
22
     Stuckey. Thomas Byrne from the Namanny Byrne firm, as well as
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     James Anderson from the Heins Mills law firm.
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               THE COURT: Very good. Anybody else for the
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     Plaintiffs?
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               MR. OWENS (Telephonically): And also Mel Owens from
 2
     Namanny Byrne & Owens. Thank you.
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               MR. KLOBUCAR: Did you catch that, Judge?
                                                           That was
 4
     Mel Owens also appearing from the Namanny Byrnes law firm.
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               THE COURT: Okay. Very good.
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               And for the defense.
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               MR. BEISNER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
     Beisner on behalf of Defendant, NHL.
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 9
               MR. GOLDFEIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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     Goldfein on behalf of the National Hockey League.
               MS. SVITAK: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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12
     Svitak from Faegre Baker Daniels on behalf of the NHL. And we
13
     also have three additional attorneys who are appearing by
14
     telephone: Julie Grand from the NHL, and Joseph Baumgarten
15
     and Adam Lupion from Proskauer Rose.
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               THE COURT: Very good.
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               MR. PRICE: Hi, Judge, Joe Price on behalf of the
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     NHL.
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               THE COURT:
                           Good afternoon, everyone.
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               Okay, Mr. Zimmerman, now is your chance.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               Thank you, Your Honor. Before we
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     start, I want to express to -- and I did to Joe -- Dan
23
     Connolly's father, I understand, has passed away.
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               THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry to hear that.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               And I just wanted to express my
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condolences. Joe and I go back to law school together, and I just wanted to express my condolences today and to his family.

MR. PRICE: I'll convey it to Mr. Connolly.

THE COURT: And the Court's condolences, as well. Thank you.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: If I could, I'd like to start with a couple of observations from maybe 10,000 feet, a little bit of reflection, and a request or two from the Plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Your Honor, we've been at this a while. And it's becoming very clear to me, at least to me, that there's a great spirit of cooperation and professionalism that is wonderful and I hope is making everything easier for the Court and better for the litigation. I think it always does. But it's certainly been an effort, and I think we've had nothing but extreme professionalism.

I think, however, that it's time for us to sort of -- for me to sort of reflect on, can we -- are we going to get to the end on time. And are we getting what we need to move this litigation? And I don't think -- I don't think we are for this -- with regard to the discovery. I think it's -- we're really getting a little quagmired. And I'm going to put a suggestion before the Court and to defense counsel, as well, that perhaps we do, like many MDLs have done, and maybe meet informally with the Court in chambers, either before is

probably best, but even after conferences to see if we can really narrow some of the issues.

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As I reflect on some of the disputes we've had, although they've seemed kind of major at the time, they're pretty minor, you know, how many -- today we're going to talk about how many interrogatories we can have; or we're going to talk about is a deposition going to go forward; or we talked about is discovery relevant for parties that are not parties because they're not in the Master Amended Consolidated Complaint. We briefed these things and we argue them and the Court has to resolve them. And I'm just wondering if, in the spirit of sort of the MDL and what's been written in the manual about it, if we wouldn't be able to do a better job for our clients and an easier -- and make it easier for the Court and for all parties concerned if we had a mechanism where we could really talk out about these issues with the Court informally and just sort of see if you could help us reach an agreeable resolution by talking to us informally; or we can come to our own resolution; or the Court can say, listen, you know, you just -- this isn't necessary, let's just do it this way.

And everyone will go, yeah, she's probably right about that, and there's no need to brief it and to argue because with these 30-day spans between conferences -- we're now into March -- we have a class action, we have a deadline

for discovery eight months from now, and we've got nothing yet in way of discovery. We've gotten a bunch of pages of documents, but they're all insurance policies. And we've really been not able to get to the quick of the factual predicates that are going to need to be understood better and discovered in order for us to properly support our claims and to properly support the class.

THE COURT: Let me ask you a question about that.

When I was a Magistrate Judge -- and I think you folks

appeared before me, as well, back then -- we had what we call

an IDR process here, an informal dispute resolution process,

and that involved both sides agreeing that you wanted to

approach me informally, submitting something that was pretty

quick and dirty, and usually we got on the phone, although

you're certainly welcome to come to chambers. And my view of

that was that it worked pretty effectively because I could

address the issues as they arose in your meet-and-confers

instead of waiting an artificial amount of time; and that I

would reserve the right to continue to do it or not, depending

on how much it was abused, of course. Some people did, some

people didn't.

I'd be willing to do a process like that. It might be more useful to have those meetings more often than to do a formal conference and then an informal conference every 30 days; rather, to have a formal conference every 30 days and

those sort of informal meetings in the interim.

Does that make sense to you, Mr. Zimmerman?

MR. ZIMMERMAN: It makes complete sense to me, Your Honor. I mean, Plaintiffs always have the burden of proof, and we're the ones that are carrying the burden of proving our case. And we're just finding that if we have to wait to decide, are we going to be able to take Mr. Bettman's deposition, or are we able to going to get these documents that we requested beyond the objections, that if we just have to wait it out and brief it and have it heard formally that we're just not going to get there. We're going to be coming back to you and say, hey, we just can't make these deadlines, and then we're going to be kind of on our heels.

And so I'm trying to be proactive in saying, whatever the Court might feel to be the best mechanism, if it's that two-week interval with, you know, limited letter briefing and conversations, I think it's time that we give that serious thought and consideration. We spoke about it in a meeting of the leadership this morning. We convened in my office, and it's our strong belief that it would be very, very helpful. And it's really going to be the only way we're going to get there.

And I -- and I -- I don't know what John and his -- and his colleagues feel about it. I'm sure they probably have a point of view and they'll be able to express

1 it. But I think that it's time that we really give that 2 serious thought and consideration for going forward because 3 we're now into March. Discovery was supposed to start in 4 January, and we're just not getting anywhere yet. THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to focus on some of 5 6 your frustrations with discovery, and then I'll hear from 7 Mr. Beisner and his thoughts about it? MR. ZIMMERMAN: Sure. And these are all on the 8 9 agenda, so --10 THE COURT: Although, do we have two different 11 agendas, is that --MR. BEISNER: Yes, Your Honor. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. All right. You know, in the 14 future, you can just make one agenda and then make a note that 15 somebody agrees or disagrees, because it's a little hard to go 16 back and forth, but okay. 17 MR. ZIMMERMAN: If we look at the agenda items, the 18 first one, which is on the Plaintiffs' finalized proposed 19 agenda, which is what I'm looking at right now, the first two 20 are not a subject of really any dispute at all. It's just a 21 matter of information. So, let me just skip that for a 22 second. 23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MR. ZIMMERMAN: And then the last two, the Notice of 25 Interest update and the non-retaliation letter, honestly I

Would like to have that not on the record at the present time. I would like to be able to take that up with you in chambers just because I think it is sensitive. And I think it would be something that at least I'd like to request we talk about confidentiality. But if the Court wants to do it in court, we can. We're prepared to do so, but I think it's a matter of some sensitivity, and I want to be sensitive about it.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: But the stuff in between the interrogatory limits, I mean we're going back and forth. Did we agree to a limit of interrogatories, do we go by the limits that's in the rules, are we going to agree to 50, are we going to agree to 60, or are there no limits at all? Honestly, interrogatories to me in a case like this are of such limited value because the question is if you're talking about the Plaintiffs' medical condition or the Plaintiffs' medical, that should be done by a Plaintiffs' fact sheet. It always is, and it's something we agreed to, something we work out. The Court agrees it's an abbreviated form, and we have a -- kind of a way to do it that's pretty much become standard fare.

THE COURT: What has triggered this dispute? There are a set of lengthy interrogatories, is that what triggered it, or a discussion, or what happened?

MR. ZIMMERMAN: I haven't been party to all the discussions, so I think I'm going to let the people who have

been party to it because if I repeat it inappropriately, someone is going to jump down my back. But I know the nature of it, but I'm going to let the people that have been fighting this one out talk to the Court about it. But I'm just giving you the overview. It's about how many.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. ZIMMERMAN: And then the question of should we just do Plaintiff fact sheets and limit interrogatories, or should we phase them in some way. But we'll talk about that. It's just a matter of introduction.

The second one has to do with three depositions that we're trying -- that we want to take of Commissioner Bettman; Dr. Charles Burke who is the head of the NHL physician society, and on the concussion study; and Gary McCrossin who is a head trainer. We think these are very important. We can tell you why. And the -- what's going to be discussed today is, do we have to have a formal motion, does it have to be a motion to quash, or can we just resolve it by telling us what each party's side of the story is and you decide, can they go forward, should they go forward, or should they be deferred as Defendants I think are asking until document productions are completed. But we can talk about that, and people more -with more hands-on knowledge of those are going to be discussed. Those are the two issues of discovery that are now before you as per this agenda.

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               There's the motion to compel, which is item number
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     three, which I think is before the Court. And that has to do
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     with, can you do discovery of people who are -- had filed
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     Complaints but they're not part of the Master Consolidated --
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               THE COURT: Right, and you've all supplemented the
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     record on that and I'll rule, unless you want to be heard for
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     some reason.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               No, it wasn't to be heard further
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     and to argue it further.
                               It was just a matter of
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     housekeeping, and that's what's out there.
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               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN: Then the Notice of Interest update
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     and the non-retaliation issues are things I think should be
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     discussed privately, if we can.
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               THE COURT: Okay.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN: Okay?
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               THE COURT: All right. Do you want to just bring me
     up to date on the new Adams/Goring Complaint --
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                              Yes.
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               THE COURT: -- and we'll have that finished --
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               Yes.
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               THE COURT: -- and then we can move on.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN: Yes. Rob Shelquist is here.
                                                              His
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     group -- and he can introduce it -- has filed another
     complaint with, I believe, 29 Plaintiffs. And the question
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     for that is, how are they going to be woven into the
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     litigation in terms of leadership structure and where they
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     fit; do they have to answer; is there an Answer due, or how --
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     are they going to be melded into the Amended Consolidated
                                  I've met with Rob. I know Rob
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     Complaint. I can say this.
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     very well from other cases. We had lunch actually yesterday
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     to talk about it, and we're working on an understanding.
     We're not finished, but we're working on it. And I think
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     we're close --
                           So it's premature for the Court --
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               It is premature. It's just a matter
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     of update for the Court. But I think we will come to a
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     resolution, a very easy resolution. But he's got a
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     constituent group, I've got a constituent group. Once we get
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     everyone to say yes, we're probably where we need to be.
     we're not here to announce that we've come to final agreement
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     on that. But Rob can -- Mr. -- Rob Shelquist can give you an
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     update of his case if you'd like it, but it just has to do
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     with how does his case work within the MDL and how does his
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     group weave its way into the leadership.
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               THE COURT: Okay. Very good.
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               Okay.
23
               THE COURT: All right.
24
               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               So then what we're really -- if
25
     you -- unless the Court wants to hear more about --
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THE COURT: Well, Mr. Shelquist, do you wish to be heard, or do you want to wait until you've reached some arrangement with Mr. Zimmerman and the leadership committee?

MR. ROBERT SHELQUIST: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Uh, I just wanted to add that our Complaint has not yet been formally served. I understood there was some sort of mechanism that might be in place to do that informally. I intend to talk to the defense counsel here and hopefully get that taken care of yet this week.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ROBERT SHELQUIST: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Very good.

All right. Mr. Beisner, do you want to give some preliminary thoughts or comments before we get into what appear to be the disputes?

MR. BEISNER: Yes, Your Honor. I think it may be best just to get into the disputes, but I did want to just make an observation about the overview since I'm taken a little bit back on this "we are behind" issue which isn't on the agenda. I just wanted to note that in terms of document production, there was a schedule that was agreed upon and is in the order. And we're on schedule under that order of the designation of search terms, we're supposed to come back under that schedule. And this has not been raised with us so far as being a source of concern. But the Court did establish a

schedule on this, so I guess I'm quite uncertain as to what the issue is there, and perhaps the parties should have a discussion about that.

But Your Honor entered an order, there's a schedule for getting things done. This is an ESI production process. You've got to agree on search terms and so on. It's a pretty standard order. But that doesn't produce documents overnight, and I think once those agreements are reached on what the search terms ought to be, the paper flow will commence pretty quickly.

But I think that we've had a couple of week extensions on interrogatory and document request responses on both sides, but those have been mutual. But the ESI schedule is really what drives this, and we're on schedule on that. I understand there may be frustration and we have frustration, too. Most of the disputes we have before the Court today are our efforts to get materials. And I'll wait until we — to get to those specific disputes when we get on them. But I am a little bit taken aback about the concern on the document production schedule because we're on target.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this. It is not uncommon to have some sort of informal dispute resolution process. We do it a lot in this District, at least. As long as it's done properly, do you have any objection? You're welcome to use it as much as the Plaintiffs, so --

MR. BEISNER: No, Your Honor, not at all. In fact, that was one of the things -- we had not spoken about that, but was one of the things that I was intending to raise today, as well. So, I will chop that up to great minds think alike on this issue. But I do think that there are issues that could be resolved in the interim on an informal basis. think, Your Honor, when we come here for these conferences -and again it depends on what you're comfortable with, but I know in a number of MDLs, there's often a brief meeting with the Court in advance in chambers in case there are issues of the sort of some of the things we had on the agenda today that might be best taken up with the Court in that setting and allowing the Court to make a decision about what would be appropriate to -- to air in court, as well. THE COURT: I'm glad to do both. I don't know that my chambers can -- I don't think you can all fit in my chambers, but certainly a group of folks on both sides could come in. MR. BEISNER: I should have clarified, Your Honor. I suspect you don't have a stadium seating arrangement there.

THE COURT: I don't have a stadium, no.

from each side meet with the Court and perhaps give some

advance indication of things on the agenda and any other

MR. BEISNER: No, it's usually a couple of counsel

Heather A. Schuetz, RMR, CRR, CCP (651) 848-1223 Heather_Schuetz@mnd.uscourts.gov

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1 matters that need to be discussed. THE COURT: 2 That's a nice idea, and I think I will -- I think what I'll do is I'll do an order that 3 4 incorporates that thought, as well as sort of enumerates what I would expect from some informal dispute resolution process. 5 6 MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, thank you. 7 THE COURT: You bet. All right. So, dispute number 8 one, does that have to do with interrogatory limits? 9 Yes? 10 MR. DAVIDSON: It does, but if I could just raise 11 one point. 12 THE COURT: Sure. 13 MR. DAVIDSON: And I'm sorry, Mr. Beisner. 14 MR. BEISNER: Sure. 15 MR. DAVIDSON: Stuart Davidson on behalf of the 16 Plaintiffs. I just wanted to kind of address Mr. Beisner's 17 point about that we're on schedule. The concern that the 18 Plaintiffs have is not that we're not moving pursuant to the 19 schedule, it's that we have a December 31st deadline to file 20 to complete discovery and we have asked for depositions, which 21 we'll talk about -- Mr. Grygiel will talk about that -- and 22 they've said, no, document production first -- we can't be in 23 a position from the Plaintiffs' side of waiting for the 24 Defendants to tell us when they're ready to produce documents 25 or to produce a witness for deposition. We have, upon our

review based upon their initial disclosures, about 40 depositions that we need to complete through the end of the year. That equals about one deposition a week if we start next week.

THE COURT: Have you provided the defense with a list of those depositions?

MR. DAVIDSON: We've provided a list of three, and we've told Mr. Beisner -- and Mr. Grygiel can talk more about this, but we did provide a list of our first three deponents that we believed we needed now to kind of guide us throughout the rest of the discovery process. And we actually served a notice of deposition, but we said we're going to do and agree with the schedule that the Defendants will agree to. We actually have one of the deponents, a third-party, Dr. Burke, tell us he'd be available for deposition in April but then once his counsel spoke with NHL's counsel, he said, I understand we're not -- we don't have to sit for a deposition until the NHL's argument about the documents first gets heard by the Court, so --

THE COURT: Would you have any opposition to providing the NHL with a list of at least half of those depositions so that they could work with folks to find convenient dates, and we could actually put a chart together and everyone can plan and --

MR. DAVIDSON: And I think that's what the intent

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     was behind pretrial order number six, the deposition schedule.
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     There is, you know, a list of 40 or more deponents.
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     think it would be in our best interests to take the initial
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     set of depositions to figure out who has the information that
     we need. We haven't received any documents. We're willing to
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     take these depositions before we receive any documents because
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     we believe we can do so and we want to get the ball moving.
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               THE COURT: If I should agree to allow you to
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     proceed with these three depositions, would you then be
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     agreeable to identifying again perhaps the remainder of the
     depositions or at least the majority of the remainder of the
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     depositions you anticipate so, again, we could come up with a
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     reasonable schedule on them?
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               MR. DAVIDSON: I think we could absolutely do our
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     level best to do so based -- of course, a lot depends on the
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     documents that we do end up receiving as far as --
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               THE COURT:
                           Well, you could reserve the right and
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     have a good cause standard and all that good stuff.
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               MR. DAVIDSON: Of course.
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               THE COURT: But the point is so everybody can plan.
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               MR. DAVIDSON: The answer is absolutely yes.
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               THE COURT: All right.
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               MR. DAVIDSON: So I just wanted to kind of respond
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     to the question of we're on a schedule. We want to meet this
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     Court's schedule, but we're -- we need to be on a little bit
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faster pace.

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THE COURT: Let me ask you this. When -- I'd have to go back and look specifically at the order. I don't recall that the order anticipated documents first, depositions next. It's true that that happens sometimes, but when is the end date for document production? Or is it the end of December?

MR. DAVIDSON: There isn't an end date. That may be a problem because what I've seen in too many cases is we get to December 1st, let's say, we're a month away, and document production is not complete, we still have depositions to take, and then we as the Plaintiffs are left scrambling to come before the Court and say, we don't have anything we need; please, can you push the class certification deadline out three more months? And then we come in two more months later and we say, we still don't have everything, Judge, so we need a little bit more time. I would love to be able to make this the exception to that rule and so we don't have to be in that position. But we do have to move and move at a relatively rapid base, which we're willing to do.

THE COURT: One alternative I've seen is where you have a substantial completion date which then triggers the beginning of depositions. We move it way up. We make it in a couple months from now --

MR. DAVIDSON: Sure.

THE COURT: -- so that there's plenty of time to get

1 those depositions noticed in the summer and the fall then. 2 MR. DAVIDSON: We would have no objection to that, 3 Judge, and I appreciate the time and Mr. Zimmerman yielding 4 the floor. 5 THE COURT: All right. 6 Mr. Beisner. 7 MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, I don't know if I should address that issue first or what is your --8 9 THE COURT: Well, I think we're just trying to get 10 an -- these are issues we commonly deal with in these types of cases. What we can't have, of course, is sort of no deadline 11 12 for substantial completion and then end-loading of documents 13 and depositions squeezed into the holidays and then a request 14 for an extension. So, right now I'm a big believer in 15 planning. Let's plan in a way that's manageable for 16 everybody. 17 MR. BEISNER: And, Your Honor, that's really I think 18 all we were saying. I think I made very clear in the 19 conversations I had with the other side that we're not 20 talking -- we're not proposing that depositions wait until 21 document production is complete. In PTO number six -- and we 22 had a lot of discussion about this -- we adopted a plan that I 23 think has worked well in other MDL proceedings, and that is --24 I was very specific as to who should do it -- that 25 Mr. Zimmerman and I were supposed to get together and compare

lists of depositions and work toward building a schedule.

Part of that purpose of that is -- and the -- and the order is very specific in saying that it should be with an eye to making sure that you've got documents available for the deposition. It specifically says that it should reflect sequencing consistent with the objective of avoiding the need to subject any person to repeated depositions. That's very specific in there.

But part of the reason for that discussion, Your
Honor, is so that we can figure out prioritizing, to the
extent we can, the production of certain documents. The
approach that we've taken is a document custodian approach.

If you've got a custodian on the list, then you know those are
documents you need to move up in the queue to get produced.

They're not all going to arrive at the same time.

THE COURT: So tell me where we stand. Where do we stand on search terms? Have we identified custodians? What's going on?

MR. BEISNER: The search terms, under the schedule, Plaintiffs have proposed theirs to us. We have a date under the schedule to get our response to those search terms back, and then there's supposed to be a discussion process after that, and then the search will begin. So, again --

THE COURT: Okay. Am I to presume that will happen in the next 30 days?

MR. BEISNER: Oh, yes, that's what this schedule provides.

THE COURT: So let's imagine for a minute that we have our search terms and custodians identified by the end of March. What would you propose for a substantial completion date that would still enable the taking of 40 depositions by the end of the year?

MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, I don't know if I know that date now, but what I'd suggest is the following. We have not had — and this was our main objection to getting these three deposition notices without any prior discussion on this. We have not had a discussion about what depositions Plaintiffs want. We've got a list, as well. And I think we should get together, have a conference; it's what the order provides, and we can set a schedule and I think Your Honor is right. You don't have to have document production complete, but if we sort of have placeholders for dates for those depositions and we have targets to work for —

THE COURT: And we have the notion that it's substantially complete so that everyone tries to make it complete by that date.

MR. BEISNER: Right. And I think we need to make clear, there's a lot of third-party depositions at issue here. And so both sides need to be comfortable that we have document production complete because Plaintiffs may say, well, we don't

need documents for this deposition, but we may want to have the documents available. They're not our witnesses either. And so we have both sides, and that's why I think building that schedule is important. But no one has approached us with the list to do that. I think that's less of an issue that we need to be meeting with you about; we need to have the meeting with each other about that. And I've said before —

THE COURT: But, you know, in part I adopted your request -- meaning your side's request -- that the exhibits be identified in advance so that you would have them.

MR. BEISNER: Right.

THE COURT: So that plays against the notion that they shouldn't be permitted to take some early depositions if they want to explore the landscape and see whether they're selecting their depositions wisely, you see. You're going to get the documents they're going to use, right? I mean, is there some reason I shouldn't let them go forward with these depositions early?

MR. BEISNER: Well, there are additional reasons for that. Two of the three witnesses are not NHL witnesses, they're third-parties. We're going to have a right to depose those witnesses, as well. We'd like to have documents before going into that deposition, as well. The third person that they have noted is the Commissioner of the NHL, the grand apex witness. And this is the same approach that was taken by

Counsel in the *Dryer* case, in the NHL [sic] films case in this District. And, you know, that was rejected on apex deposition grounds and, you know, that is not one that needs to come first. And under that law, which we would like to brief if that's before the Court, that that should be there.

But I think, Your Honor, these depositions, all of these, we —— the parties should meet, figure out what that schedule to be, placeholder dates going out. First half of the list or whatever, you know, Plaintiffs want to do, but consistent with Your Honor's suggestion, and put these dates in. But I think that, consistent with the order we agreed upon, we ought to have some documents out there before these depositions are taken for the benefit of both sides, especially with respect to third-party witnesses that we have a right to examine, as well; but if we don't have documents, it's a somewhat pointless exercise.

MR. DAVIDSON: Judge, could I just say one thing about third-parties, just so we have the full picture?

MR. DAVIDSON: We subpoended all the member clubs, we subpoended the trainers society, and they all issued blanket, wholesale objections to producing a single document to us. So, in one of their grounds that they both said was this Court has a motion to dismiss under advisement, we're not going to produce anything until that's ruled upon, which is

Sure.

THE COURT: Sure.

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     obviously contrary to what we're all discussing here today.
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     So, even though they're not the NHL's witnesses, they're
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     taking the position that they're not producing any documents.
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     So, we're coming towards the same problem of timing --
               THE COURT: Well, I can't tell third-parties what to
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     do, but third-parties can file a -- an objection in the
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     District in which the subpoena is issued. They can go to the
     Court. The Court can decide whether to hear it or to send it
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     to me, and I quess that's the process we need to follow.
     can't order otherwise.
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               But it is true that the fact that there is a motion
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     to dismiss pending will not keep discovery from going forward.
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     I think both sides of this case agree on that.
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               MR. DAVIDSON: I just wanted to give the Court a
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     full picture.
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               THE COURT: But in terms of whether you want to wait
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     until that process is resolved before you take those
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     depositions, perhaps you want to consider that. I don't know.
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               MR. DAVIDSON: Well, and we will, but if we decide
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     to go forward, I think we should have that ability.
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     Mr. Beisner is saying we have the right to take their
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     deposition as well as third-parties, and we want documents
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     first. But now we're stuck in a catch-22 because they're --
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                           I think he's saying he wants documents
               THE COURT:
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     from you.
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MR. DAVIDSON: I think he's saying he wants documents from the third-parties.

THE COURT: Or from them. I see.

MR. DAVIDSON: Because that's who they would question the witnesses regarding.

THE COURT: Have you subpoenaed the third-parties for documents, Mr. Beisner?

MR. BEISNER: No, Your Honor, but we want to see the documents that they have requested from them before these depositions are taken and, you know, may have additional requests. But I think that's -- that's the main concern we have is those documents are not present.

Your Honor, you know, I want to note, as well, back on your question about process here. Our response on the search terms is due shortly, as I mentioned. I think we're a week away from our search terms coming back. And I think once we get that straightened out, we'll be able to give the Court an estimate. But we're talking about over 40 years of documents that we're going to have to look for on those search terms. And so depending on what that — those — the search term agreement is, we'll be able to provide I think everyone a better estimate on that. But it's a lot of material over a long period of time, and a lot of that will depend on what those search terms turn out to be in the end.

THE COURT: And have you agreed on a number of

custodians who will be searched?

MR. BEISNER: The custodians, yes, we have -- we've exchanged the list, but I think we're basically in agreement on what those are.

THE COURT: Can you give me a ballpark of how many custodians we're talking about?

MR. BEISNER: We have the -- I'm not sure, Your Honor, but we'll get you that information. It's a fairly significant number, and then we've got some other locations to look for materials, as well, on that.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, if I may turn to the dispute list -- and we've sort of covered part of that but wanted to turn to two of these. And the -- and I think this blends it a little bit, Your Honor, so I don't mean to go back to it because I know it's fully briefed. But our motion to compel with respect to the first set of interrogatories that we had, Counsel, on the interrogatory limits, what has happened is that we served on Plaintiffs interrogatories that are a fact sheet. That's what we served was basically this set of questions of the sorts that we submitted to your court -- to the Court as part of the motion to compel on the first set of interrogatories. We did it that way because of Plaintiffs' position that we could not present fact sheets or get any information except from the six named Plaintiffs in

the class action Complaint. So to keep the process going from our perspective, we simply served those as interrogatories.

I don't see any reason to go back to negotiate those as fact sheets. If Plaintiffs have objections to some of those, they can be made and we'll work that out in the same way we would negotiate a fact sheet. But that's basically what we have served on all of the Plaintiffs who have filed a Complaint in the action, not just the six but we served it on all of them. After we served those, we got the call saying, well, these are improper because it's more than 25 subparts in violation of Rule 32(a) setting a 25-subpart limit — or 25-interrogatory limit. We understood and I think we talked explicitly during the negotiation process, the 26(f) process, that we would not have limits on the number of interrogatories just for this precise reason, there's always a dispute about subparts. And it seemed to us in an MDL proceeding of this size that those limitations would be inappropriate.

And so on the 26(f) report, we included the statement, "The parties do not propose that the Court limit the use and numbers of interrogatories and requests for admission." That's consistent if you go to form three of the Court's local forms for doing 26(f) reports that has the statement, "The parties propose that the Court limit the use and number of discovery procedures as follows." It lists them all, and there's a blank where you fill in the number.

We think that the number that was filled in was zero and that we were not limiting those. And instead, we got the objection that this should be limited to 25. We think, Your Honor, that that limitation shouldn't be imposed here. We think that's what was agreed to. We believe that's what the Court said it was approving in approving our 26(f) report. We think that was explicit in there and was worded consistent with the way Form 3 of the local rules is set forth. In any event, we've basically have served the fact sheet and we think that as the briefing on the motion to compel indicates, that's standard operating procedure in MDL proceedings.

All people who file claims answer those, whether they're part of a class action Complaint or not. We, I think, made clear that if you look at the track record in this District, that's been the consistent practice. And if you look at Baycol and the St. Jude case where there were class actions present, everybody answered those. So, we think that these are the fact sheets. I don't think any purpose is served to go back and try to negotiate those. We can work that out in the process consistent with Plaintiffs' statement about let's keep things moving. I think that's the right way to do it, and if there are objections to — specific objections to the content of those interrogatories, we can work those out in the same way we'd negotiate a fact sheet.

So, Your Honor, we're just asking the Court to say,

let's get the objections and answers to those raised and get on with it.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. GRYGIEL: Your Honor, if I might just briefly, Steve Grygiel for the Plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. GRYGIEL: I was involved with Mr. Beisner and with Mr. Cashman from our side, excuse me, as we discussed the question of interrogatories. And so the record is clear, we did offer that we would go up to 50 interrogatories, a 100 percent increase over Rule 33(a)(1). And that offer, obviously, was not accepted or we would not be here today. We do agree with Mr. Beisner, of course, that this is a big case and that discovery is important in this case, and we do want to see it move forward. But we thought that 50 was a reasonable number given the nature and posture of the case, recognizing the parties, with good cause, always may come back later and ask the Court for more. But I didn't want it to appear that we ourselves were stuck on the number of 25 because we are not. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. But Mr. Beisner says that when you met and conferred before there was an agreement on no limitations. Was that in the context of interrogatories directed at the Plaintiffs at that time, or how is it that that agreement has changed?

MR. GRYGIEL: Your Honor, that's the problem. I don't remember us having an agreement on that. In all candor, in honoring my duty of candor to the Court and certainly to Mr. Beisner and my defense counsel friends, I don't remember ever agreeing that the number of interrogatories would be unlimited. I know I took away from the process -- and it was a somewhat mushy process, there were a number of calls and a number of e-mails and a number of parties involved -- I took away that we were at 25. I know I took that away. simply be me -- because I loathe interrogatories. like answering them, I don't like writing them. And I remember telling my group, well, let's stick with 25 and if we have to give more, that will probably end up happening anyway. That's why I got to 50 when we talked. But I don't remember the agreement being as Mr. Beisner does. And that's not to say he's wrong; I just don't remember it that way, Your Honor. THE COURT: Given the subparts in the interrogatories that the Defendants had propounded against the Plaintiffs, do they exceed 50? MR. GRYGIEL: Not yet, Your Honor. I think we ended up saying that they had room for, I think, six or seven more. We had e-mail correspondence to that point, and I'd understood that perhaps those would be used for contention interrogatories. THE COURT: Mr. Beisner?

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MR. BEISNER: Yeah.

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THE COURT: If the Court had a limit of 50 but you could come forward for good cause and it excluded contention interrogatories, does it matter?

MR. BEISNER: Well, it gets us over the hump on this, Your Honor. And we paused on that when it was made. The problem is that I think the original offer was 45, that we would get one more, and it just -- it seems to me that -- and I think we're having some questions now about the subparts of the interrogatories that Plaintiffs have posed to us. hadn't thought about that, but now we've gone back to check. I'm not sure that they don't exceed 50 in the interrogatories they've posed to us that we have to deal with on Monday. subpart exercise, Your Honor, just seems to be you're -- we're just going to get into a morass about what's a subpart, how many there are. I think that's what I articulated as a reason to not have the limit when we had the discussions.

And frankly, that's normally something a Defendant wants, not the Plaintiff in the case because the -- there's not a whole lot more beyond the fact sheets that we're going to want. We're going to want some contention interrogatories --

THE COURT: You know, for both sides, if you'd just think if you were sitting up here what you'd be thinking, what you'd be thinking is you're going to allow interrogatories.

That makes sense. And to the extent they're excessive, you're not going to allow them. So, counting subparts is really not necessary. I expect each side to be reasonable about this, but there is some hesitation to saying no limits here. So, I want to accommodate everybody's opportunity to ask the questions they need to ask. So, I think we can resolve this comfortably.

MR. BEISNER: Okay.

MR. GOLDFEIN: Your Honor, in answer to your question -- Shep Goldfein. In answer to your question about the number of custodians --

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. GOLDFEIN: -- we identified 21 custodians to the Plaintiffs. But what that does is, those are living beings because they go back to 1967. And the number of deceased people, like a Clarence Campbell that's pled in the Complaint and the like are the -- the NHL is the custodian of whatever files they left behind. We have offices in New York, Montreal, Toronto, and we have a very massive search that will have to be done for hard copy documents before the days of ESI. And we're also going to have a massive search for ESI materials. And on March 13th, our ESI counterproposal is due. We have as much interest in fetching responsive documents that support our defenses in the case as they have in trying to search for documents that support their allegations.

So, we -- we are -- have undertaken quite an amount of work over the last several weeks since we got their document request, not just simply focusing on the objections to their requests where we feel they're overbroad or whatever. And we have to meet and confer with them to try to resolve those objections, but in looking in trying to assess what it is we have to do in order to make a responsible, substantial production of documents to them, we haven't finished that analysis in part because we have to have an agreement on ESI. The protocol provides for a test run of the terms so that we see if they're working and to do this in a responsible way.

I really don't quite understand the -- Counsel's suggestion that things are not working or that they're frustrated. I understand that they're frustrated, that they would like to start discovery. But we have interests in our own cross-examination of our own witnesses and of third-parties, not simply based on the documents that the third-parties produce but what turns out to be in our files that can go back quite a ways and asking those witnesses, whoever they are, about those issues in building our own defense and our own record in anticipation of a summary judgment motion.

So, it's not just a one-way street. And we need to have a schedule where we sit down with them as contemplated by Your Honor's orders and say, this is the list of the

deponents, these are the materials. We need to have a rational dialogue with them about what documents you need or you don't need. We're not going to produce, unless Your Honor orders us to, Commissioner Bettman more than once in this case. And for them to suggest they're ready to take his deposition without documents so later they can come back after they see the document production and they've taken some of the staff and the other people who have actually implemented the policies regarding concussions and return-to-play decisions and then say, well, now they need the Commissioner back again, that — that's just the wrong order.

And we need to have that conversation with them privately before we take it to Your Honor. And then Your Honor will decide if we can agree. But we haven't even had that discussion with them. They just noticed subpoenas and notice that they subpoenaed the Commissioner. The Commissioner is an employee of the League. He doesn't gets subpoenaed as a third-party. He's a party witness. They never had a meet and confer, Mr. Zimmerman and Mr. Beisner, to follow your court — the Court's order which provided that they sit, meet and confer, that we try to work out a schedule.

If we cannot agree for a schedule for the case, I know we'll be back here and Your Honor will make that decision. But we haven't even gotten that far in the case. So, this all comes as a -- somewhat of a surprise to us in a

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case in which they're expecting us to go back to look for
documents at least back to 1967. The League was formed in
1918. Clarence Campbell, who they -- the way they've written
their document requests, if there are documents that are
referred to in an earlier period, they want those documents,
as well. We have to go back and look. And they're asking for
all documents regarding fighting in the NHL, any form of rule
changes, any -- the entire business. Believe me, Your Honor,
the entire business of hockey, the way the game is played, the
way it's organized, the financials over time of the League,
every aspect of the League. And they're saying, oh, well, you
know, we can just do this overnight.
         THE COURT:
                     Okay.
         MR. GOLDFEIN:
                        Thank you, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: Wait, wait, I have a question for
you.
         MR. GOLDFEIN: Oh, I'm sorry.
         THE COURT: Tell me how the NHL archives their
documents. What have you learned about whether there are -- I
mean, I grew up in the day of boxes, too, so do they have
lists and organizations and --
         MR. GOLDFEIN: There are lists, there are some lists
with document box titles on them. We've had some people go
and go into the basements in the various places and start to
pull documents based upon the very broad allegations that are
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1 in the Complaint and that have been raised --2. THE COURT: And what volume of documents --3 MR. GOLDFEIN: -- so, it's hundreds of boxes of 4 documents. 5 THE COURT: Okay. 6 MR. GOLDFEIN: Whether what's in those boxes and 7 whether they are responsive -- I mean to give you an example, Your Honor, there are -- there are, over time, for instance, 8 9 there are many documents that would relate to rule changes. 10 Some of them are rules regarding physical contact on the ice. Let's call it that for the moment. Some of them are about 11 12 rules regarding the blue line, the red lines, and other issues 13 that don't relate to the allegations in this Complaint. 14 THE COURT: Well, let me suggest something that we 15 see done in many big cases, and that is that you set up a repository with these documents, you let the Plaintiffs do the 16 17 searching and tab the documents, you review the documents for 18 what you view are relevance and privilege considerations, or 19 you can exclude boxes that might clearly contain privileged 20 documents, you put the onus on them to do the search. 21 seen that done a lot. Is that something that might help you 22 with your hard copy while you're focusing on your ESI? 23 MR. GOLDFEIN: Candidly, I don't think our client is 24 prepared to open its files routinely to --25 THE COURT: Nobody ever is, so you have to have a

bunch of rules --1 MR. GOLDFEIN: -- a sort of wholesale review. 2 3 THE COURT: Yeah. 4 MR. GOLDFEIN: I do think and we are prepared to do 5 a very expedited review of the materials. We've got scores of 6 lawyers literally in place to do it. 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. GOLDFEIN: And we intend to move expeditiously, 9 Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: All right. 11 MR. GOLDFEIN: But what we are concerned about, 12 frankly, is there's a lot of over-breadth. Some of these 13 issues will get resolved in the meet and confer about what it 14 is exactly that they need for their case. You know, there 15 are -- there are many examples that I could probably, if I think about it a little bit, I can give to Your Honor where 16 17 clearly the -- I don't really think they're interested in 18 getting that type of information. The trouble is, the way the 19 materials are kept, things are intermixed. 20 THE COURT: Sure. 21 MR. GOLDFEIN: They didn't have a file system where 22 they said, we're going to put a -- we're going to put this 23 over here about changing the rule on helmets and you're going to find a file that is -- that's clear on when helmets were 24 25 collectively bargained and how they were agreed upon and when

the rules were implemented. It exists over a span of time in a variety of different boxes. I understand the relevance of that to the case. It's relevant, frankly, to our defenses in the case, as well. So, we have every interest in making sure that those documents get produced and that we make a very substantial and as complete of production as we're able to with a reasonable search.

THE COURT: And the way you have it set up, you can do a rolling production.

MR. GOLDFEIN: And we're more than prepared to do a rolling production with the Plaintiffs. The problem here is we really need, as Mr. Beisner said — and I hate — I don't mean to be repetitive here — we need to have the meet—and—confers that were contemplated by Your Honor's orders to set up and decide when things can get done. If we cannot reach agreement during that process, then we should be back either informally through the process you were describing or formally if it needs that to resolve those issues. But we're not — we're not there. I mean, I understand their frustration, and I understand the deadlines as they were set, and we all agreed upon them.

But we can meet those deadlines. I mean, candidly, when we got their Rule 26(f) disclosure, they listed 1500 people as having potential knowledge of the facts in this case. Fifteen hundred. Who were they? It was every owner,

every President of every club, every General Manager of every club, every team doctor, every trainer, every coach. They went — they must have gone through the record and fact books of the NHL which are published each season and they just listed every name they could find, plus some friends and family of the named Plaintiffs, and 1500 people. It's a useless disclosure.

We need to meet and confer with them and find out who really has the facts. We served an interrogatory, got an answer the other day. Who has facts? Where are the facts supporting your allegations in the Complaint? Tell us where they are now. What do you have? The answer was: See the list of the 1500 we gave to you. That's not an answer. That's not a -- we need to meet and confer, and then we'll come back to Your Honor. If we can't get an agreement with them, we'll come back to Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

Yes.

MR. GRYGIEL: Your Honor, if I might, and I will be brief, Steve Grygiel for the Plaintiffs. I'm glad we turned to initial disclosures because on Mr. Bettman's deposition, he's listed as a person with knowledge in the National Hockey League disclosures and, in fact, if Your Honor were to look at what was said about Mr. Bettman's knowledge, it is the following: "All aspects of the game and business of hockey

generally and specifically in response to the Master Amended Complaint." The only other person that they disclosed in the initial disclosures whose knowledge is as capacious as Mr. Bettman's is Mr. Daly's, the Assistant Commissioner.

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So, this is not an apex deposition. This is not someone coming in and seeking to depose the GM or the CEO of General Motors about a problem with the brake plant in Poughkeepsie about which the CEO has no knowledge and as to which the CEO has no relevant information. This is a deposition of someone who has been the Commissioner since 1993; who has overseen three of the longest term Collective Bargaining Agreements in the League's history; who has, since 2010, filled seven pages with quotes that I've had pulled concerning the concussion situation, the League's position on concussions, what the League is doing about it, what the League knows about it, and what the League thinks ought to be done. This is a person who has more knowledge about concussions, as far as we can tell, than anyone else in the National Hockey League. And the initial disclosures confirm that. This is not --

THE COURT: Now, you know you're only going to get to do it once, and are you sure you don't want to wait until you've had a substantial completion of their document requests?

MR. GRYGIEL: I was coming to that, Your Honor, and

the answer is affirmatively yes for two reasons -- maybe three. One, Mr. Bettman, apart from his personal knowledge which is clearly demonstrably extensive and he's been very public about it, he can direct -- so that's personal knowledge from him that's highly relevant to all of our claims. Second, he can direct us to other sources of people with whom he has worked in the clubs, among medical personnel, among executive personnel, and the concussion study who would have knowledge. So he will be a very good roadmap that way, much in the way that a 30(b)(6) would be.

And third, I am absolutely happy to take

Mr. Bettman's deposition using his public statements. One
hour of the deposition pursuant to protocol -- or pretrial
order number six can go to the defense counsel. If they want
to ask questions, I doubt they'll be prejudiced because he's
their witness. It's not like they need Mr. Bettman's
documents to prepare him. If documents come up later in the
case and they want to seek to -- leave to depose him for a
longer period of time, terrific. I guess I'll get my hour.
But yes, Your Honor, I'm willing to take that chance.

And in terms of the question of documents for these other witnesses, Mr. McCrossin is a trainer for the Philadelphia Flyers and has been for 18 years. He has two master of science degrees. He's working on his PhD. I believe he was the head of the National Hockey League Trainers

Association at one time --

THE COURT: But let me stop you on the third-parties. On the third-parties, I can't order them here. There's a process; we have to follow the process.

MR. GRYGIEL: I understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: They have a certain amount of time to object to the subpoena. You can certainly bring it to my attention if they fail to do that, but --

MR. GRYGIEL: The point there, Your Honor -- and I was losing it. The point I want to make there is, they are really under the National Hockey League's control. I spoke with Mr. Brooks' lawyer, John Conti, from the Dickie McCamey Chilcote firm in Pittsburgh. I've had work with them before. We had agreed that that deposition would go forward in early April. And I said if documents can be produced before that, so much the better. But if they can't, I'll take my chances and cross-examine the old-fashioned way, the way I used to do in criminal court. He said, fine, what does the NHL have to say about this? And I said they have something to say about it. They have to agree to the schedule. That's part of our pretrial order and we're -- you know, we're going to rope in Mr. Beisner to work on the schedule.

But nowhere -- and finally, Your Honor, I'll sit down after this -- nowhere in the PTO does it say that the parties have to meet and confer about every single deposition

that someone wants to take. What it says is the parties — and this is the spirit of it, as well as the letter — the parties shall work to develop a mutually-agreeable schedule. I thought — and I take responsibility for it — when I sent the letter out with those deposition notices that that's what I was doing. Whether it's a phone call, a meeting in an office, I said here's what we'd like to do. If these dates work, we would like to stick with them. If they don't work, please tell me what does work.

And what I fully expected to come back was, you don't get to take three in a row, Grygiel. You'll take one, we'll take one of ours, you'll take one, we'll take one of ours. But they simply took the position that, no, we have to have more of a schedule developed. Now, I don't want to misrepresent what the defense counsel has told me. They've agreed that scheduling can go in tranches. And in a case like this with seriatim document production and third-parties, that makes sense because it's very difficult to develop all at once a list of everybody you want to depose.

But we figured these three gateway depositions would be important for personal knowledge, and they would be important for framing the rest of that schedule, as well. And that's, Your Honor, why I served those notices like I did. It wasn't to preempt anybody. I left the door open to work out the schedule; that's what I was hoping to do. But I did want

to get started because I will also take the blame or the credit, depending on which way things come out, for doing the arithmetic the other day. Each side got 40 depositions pursuant to the PTO number six. And we have some idea, of course, of who they are in terms of categories and some in terms of names.

But I did the arithmetic and said, guys, this is one every week from now until December 31st. We're already into March. I've had the unpleasant experience of being on my knees and genuflecting in humble obeisance to a Federal Court asking for more time. I don't want to be there this time, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Very good.

Mr. Beisner.

MR. BEISNER: Well, Your Honor, I don't think that there is any way that you can square sending a subpoena for a party witness in the way that it was done here and subpoenas for these others with no prior discussion with the pretrial order on depositions. This was supposed to be —— and it's very clear in there —— a collaborative process to talk about setting up schedules, conferring about this with specific reference to the objective of avoiding repeated depositions. I just don't think there's any way you can say, well, here's some depositions and some dates and not engage in that. It specifically talks about Plaintiffs' lead counsel and defense

lead counsel having a conversation. That never happened. So, I just think this is premature.

Your Honor, with respect to Commissioner Bettman's deposition, I hate to say this, this happens in most MDL proceedings. And right out of the box, they say, we want the President. We want the CEO. We want to take that deposition.

THE COURT: But it's true under apex, it depends, it depends on what the CEO knows and doesn't know. So --

MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, that's right. But if you talk about Concussion Policy and knowledge, there are a number of other people in the organization that are much more directly involved in that. Of course he has commented on the topic. If you plug in any corporation or organization, the CEO is going to have commented on you-name-the-topic if it's in the public media, more often than others. But that doesn't make him the most knowledgeable or her the most knowledgeable person in the organization. That's the person that part of their job is to speak for the organization.

But -- and, you know, where this has happened in MDLs even where the CEO is taken later; it's invariable to come back when there's more documents produced, oh, we need the person back again. It's a point of pressure. That's what this is about. This isn't where you would start if you were logically doing the deposition. You'd follow the apex procedure and talk to some people who were involved most

directly in dealing with the development of Concussion

Policy within the organization, people who worked directly

with personnel who were brought on to provided advice to the

League on that issue. That's how the apex process works.

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And so, Your Honor, I think the right solution here is to tell us to do what should have happened in the first place is go confer about these things. I think if the focus is on Commissioner Bettman, there should be briefing on that. I don't -- I think that's the case, but I think the first thing we ought to be doing is following the order that we agreed to and that the Court entered to build a schedule that takes account of trying to get documents out there on the record, not all of them but sufficient amounts to make these depositions make sense. And I don't know where it's written we're going to have one deposition a week. I assume when we get rolling on this, we'll have more depositions than that and our staff to deal with that issue. But we've got to get the foundation laid here first, both in terms of getting documents so we've got something to actually talk with witnesses about and make these about factual discovery. You really wonder if these depositions are about that at all if you're taking them at this stage. We should be doing these for discovery purposes. And that was the purpose of this order, and I think we should be following it. Thank you.

THE COURT: You bet.

MR. GRYGIEL: I guess briefly, Your Honor, two things came to me. One is, given that our ESI protocol doesn't require the National Hockey League to turn over terms to us or comment on our terms until the 13th of March, given that there's another deadline of March 27th concerning document production, I start to see the month of March slipping away without any depositions. What I'd really like to hear is whether or not we could get an agreement that we can start taking depositions in some way this month.

Now, I, for the reasons I've already said, will not restate that Mr. Bettman is absolutely the right first deponent. And as I said to my friend, Mr. Beisner, on the phone the other day, John, if we were being intellectually honest or rigorous, I think he would have to be a 30(b)(6) deponent if you were going to name one. John says, no, he wouldn't, but -- I understand their point of view on that, but I don't think there's anybody more knowledgeable who can better direct our focus.

Number two, in terms of the Concussion Report, that's Dr. Burke. He was a participant in the Concussion Report, not to mention he was the lead doctor for the Penguins, for the Pittsburgh Penguins, for a long time. He treated Sidney Crosby's concussion. And he's a well-known doctor in the sports medicine field, as well as being, I believe he was the head of the National Hockey League

Physicians Organization. No better fact witness than him. And of course we found out, no, you can't take him yet; we think it's premature.

Again, I guess we just disagree about the PTO number six. I don't think triumphal formulism is the best way to make an MDL work. And I did think that our meet and confer was functionally the exact equivalent of sending a letter saying, here are dates we'd like to depose these folks on; tell me what works for you. I don't see it makes a difference whether I sit down or do it in a conference room or do it by letter. That is what I was trying to achieve. I wasn't trying to do anything other than get the ball rolling.

THE COURT: Okay.

Mr. Zimmerman.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: I think the point I was trying to make at the beginning of the status conference today is playing out in real time. We're respectful, we're not there where we need to be in honing in on how we each view where we're supposed to be and what we're supposed to be doing. We're in a little bit of a disconnect, and I think I'm really saying to the Court, we need some help with this. And I say that somewhat timidly because it shouldn't -- it doesn't always have to be this way. But the case is now coming to this apex of sensitive stuff, sensitive discovery, and we're going to need some guidance.

And I can't really put it any other way because you kind of hear it in real time, and there's not a lot of agreement here as to how this should go. But maybe through some mediated process or some coordinated process with Your Honor or someone of Your Honor's appointment, we can get there because we do have to start getting there. And I know it sounds frustrating to hear all this and it's frustrating for me to listen to it, but we all want to get to the end. It's just a question of whose method is going to work, and someone is going to help us have to agree on that.

THE COURT: Well, I think the kinds of frustrations I'm hearing today are, frankly, typical. This is not unusual for big litigation. It's trying to get started, trying to get started on the right track. So I think I agree with both sides in many respects. But I also agree that perhaps the best way to approach this is this way.

First of all, let me give you, in my mind, an overview of sort of how this is going to play out. And then I'll tell you what I think we ought to do in the month of March. We're going to finish discovery by the end of the year. By the end of March, we have three-quarters of the year left. I see the document production taking one quarter and the depositions taking two quarters. That is not to say that I won't permit some depositions to be taken during document discovery. But generally speaking, I anticipate about 90 days

for substantial completion.

I presume the NHL is working your way right now to locate documents so you have time. And then we start in earnest with a schedule that's reasonable, that's published to the Court, in which parties have met and conferred both about third-party witnesses and about employees and made it manageable for everybody. I don't want documents end-loaded. I don't want to hear at the holidays that we are backed up on depositions. I want to see it all play out as smoothly as possible.

That's easier said than done, isn't it? So I think I agree with Mr. Zimmerman that I should put on my Magistrate Judge robe and meet with a group of you that can fit in my chambers and we ought to hammer this out. But before we do that, I'm going to ask you folks to meet and confer and hammer it out. Try to see what you can agree on and what you disagree on. Let's be reasonable on both sides about this. Again, the focus of this MDL is on the common discovery, not the individual discovery, but the common discovery, and that's what I so much want to accomplish by the end of the year.

So I think the way to do that is for you to meet and confer in the next 10 days; for me to identify a date mid to two-thirds of the way through March where I will invite you in; for you to give me a submission before our joint meeting so I can see where you're at; and also to publish for you a

protocol for approaching the Court informally so that I can see monthly conferences at least now is not going to be often enough, so that you can approach me, I can resolve things so we can get this moving. I agree that we're hung up on both sides, and I would like to see it move.

Any questions about that?

(None indicated.)

THE COURT: I will get back to you with a date. It will probably not be next week but the week after that I can get together with you, so I'd really encourage you to come up with a date next week for you to get together with a meet and confer. All right.

Now, with respect to the third-parties, again, if the NHL is in touch with their counsel, they need to preserve their objections to those subpoenas. It's not enough for that lawyer -- and I've seen this before -- to say, well, NHL counsel told me just sit on this, you know. That doesn't work. They're third-parties. I'm sure that's not what's happened. They have to go to court. If there's a motion to enforce a subpoena and that judge can send it to me, I'd encourage them to do that. I've done that with other judges before. But that process needs to play out with third-parties.

MR. DAVIDSON: And just for the record, Your Honor, we do have a meet and confer with their counsel on Monday, so

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that will work well.
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                           Good. Good. Good.
                                                 Good. All right.
               THE COURT:
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               And I think the rules that apply to third-parties,
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     as you know, are slightly different. So, keep those in mind,
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     too.
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               All right. Anything else we should talk about
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     discovery at this point? I think that's a process that will
     hopefully lead to resolution by the end of March.
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               MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, I don't know what your
     plans were on this, but we've talked about Plaintiffs'
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     requests on this. We have -- we had the several issues we had
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     to on responses that we need in order to be able to talk about
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     the depositions that we want to take --
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               THE COURT: Are you talking about the pending motion
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     to compel?
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               MR. BEISNER: Yes.
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               THE COURT: Okay. I will be ruling on that. I just
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     got the supplemental submissions in the last week.
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               MR. BEISNER: No, no, Your Honor, I was just going
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     to say we had -- you were asking if there are other issues,
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     and if there's anything you want to hear on that, that's fine.
     But we have that, and then the -- I think you indicated on the
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     deposition limits we -- or I'm sorry, the interrogatory number
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     limits, we should just proceed there.
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                           I will issue a ruling. I will think
               THE COURT:
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     about it once more. It's likely to say that 50 is the number,
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     good cause for more, contention interrogatories excluded.
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               MR. BEISNER: But to be clear, Your Honor, I think
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     what I hear the Court saying is Counsel should go ahead and
     respond to all of those that --
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               THE COURT: To the extent that you have 50, yes.
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     The answer is yes. And to the extent it's not subject to the
     motion to compel so -- until I rule, right?
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               MR. BEISNER: Yes, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right.
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               Anything else on discovery issues?
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                (None indicated.)
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               THE COURT: All right. On the Defendant's agenda,
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     there's something about communications with putative class
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     members that you wanted to talk about.
               MR. BEISNER: Your Honor, that is a parallel to
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     the -- one of the items on the agenda that Mr. Zimmerman
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     thought we should discuss with you separately, so I think we
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     can take that off the agenda.
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               THE COURT: I see. All right. All right.
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               How should we approach the sensitive issues?
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     glad to talk about them off the agenda. I have to be in
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     Minneapolis in an hour. Would it make sense to schedule a
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     telephone conference, or what would make sense?
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               MR. ZIMMERMAN:
                               I think -- I think so, Your Honor.
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     I think they're sensitive, I think we need to talk them out, I
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     think we need to hear the Court's view, and I don't want you
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     to be pressed against something. So, we're going to be before
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     you shortly. We can do it at that point. I think doing it
     informally will give you a good flavor for it, and then you
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     can tell us how you want us to proceed.
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               THE COURT: So maybe we should add it to the agenda
     when we all get together in a few weeks. Yeah.
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               MR. BEISNER: I think that makes the most sense,
     Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay. All right. Good. Very good.
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     All right. We'll get through this hump, don't worry.
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               Anything else we should talk about today?
               MR. ZIMMERMAN: No, Your Honor. And thanks for your
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     patience on this. We appreciate it.
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                           Sure. Yep. It's a pleasure.
               THE COURT:
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               MR. BEISNER: Yes, Your Honor, most appreciated, as
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     well, and we don't want to detain you any longer.
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               THE COURT: All right. Then we will hear from you
     about your meet and confer. In the meantime, I'll have my JA
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     schedule a hearing that must be the third week of March. And
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     we'll move ahead.
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               MR. GOLDFEIN: Your Honor?
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               THE COURT: Yes.
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               MR. GOLDFEIN: I have an evidentiary hearing in
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     Federal Court in New York the 17th through the 19th, so --
                THE COURT: I wish I had a calendar in front of me.
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     Okay. I'll try to avoid those dates.
               MR. GOLDFEIN: If it's possible, I'd appreciate it.
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     Thank you.
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               THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to be in Florida on the
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     23rd. Anyone want to do it down there (laughter)?
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               MR. DAVIDSON: I'll cook you lunch if you want to
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     stop by.
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               MR. BEISNER: As they say, now you're talking, Your
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     Honor.
               MR. DAVIDSON: It's 83° today, Judge.
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               THE COURT: Court is adjourned.
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                (WHEREUPON, the matter was adjourned.)
15
                         (Concluding at 2:17 p.m.)
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18
                               CERTIFICATE
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                I, Heather A. Schuetz, certify that the foregoing is
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     a correct transcript from the record of the proceedings in the
22
     above-entitled matter.
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24
                     Certified by: s/ Heather A. Schuetz_
                                   Heather A. Schuetz, RMR, CRR, CCP
25
                                   Official Court Reporter
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