1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
2	DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA			
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4	In re: National Hockey League MDL No. 14-2551 (SRN/JSM) Players' Concussion Injury			
5	Litigation St. Paul, Minnesota			
6	Courtroom 7B (ALL ACTIONS) June 4, 2015			
7	1:30 p.m.			
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10	BEFORE THE HONORABLE SUSAN RICHARD NELSON			
11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE			
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13	STATUS CONFERENCE			
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23	Official Court Reporter: Heather Schuetz, RMR, CRR, CCP U.S. Courthouse, Ste. 146			
24	316 North Robert Street St. Paul, Minnesota 55101			
25				

1	APPEARANCES
2	For the Plaintiffs:
3	ZIMMERMAN REED, PLLP
4	Charles "Bucky" S. Zimmerman, Esq. Brian C. Gudmundson, Esq.
5	David M. Cialkowski, Esq. 1100 IDS Center
6	80 S. 8th St. Minneapolis, MN 55402
7	ZIMMERMAN REED, PLLP
8	Hart Robinovitch, Esq. 14646 N. Kierland Blvd., Ste. 145
9	Scottsdale, AZ 85254
10	CHESTNUT CAMBRONNE, P.A. Jeffrey D. Bores, Esq.
11	17 Washington Ave. N., Ste. 300 Minneapolis, MN 55401-2048
12	
13	ZELLE HOFFMAN VOELBEL & MASON, LLP Michael R. Cashman, Esq. 500 Washington Ave. S., Ste. 4000
14	Minneapolis, MN 55415
15	BASSFORD REMELE, P.A. J. Scott Andresen, Esq.
16	Jeffrey D. Klobucar, Esq. 33 S. 6th St., Ste. 3800
17	Minneapolis, MN 55402-3707
18	ROBBINS GELLER RUDMAN & DOWD, LLP Stuart A. Davidson, Esq.
19	120 E. Palmetto Park Rd., Ste. 500 Boca Raton, FL 33432
20	THE LEVINE LAW FIRM, P.C.
21	David Levine, Esq. 1804 Intracoastal Dr.
22	Fort Lauderdale, FL 33305
23	SILVERMAN, THOMPSON, SLUTKIN & WHITE
24	William Sinclair, Esq. 201 N. Charles St., Ste. 2600 Baltimore, MD 21201
25	

1	NAMANNY BYRNE OWENS Mel Owens, Esq.
2	2 S. Pointe Dr. Lake Forest, CA 92630
3	GOLDMAN SCARLATO & KARON, P.C.
4	Brian D. Penny, Esq. 101 E. Lancaster Ave., Ste. 204
5	Wayne, PA 19428 GUSTAFSON GLUEK
7	David Goodwin, Esq. 120 S. 6th St., Ste. 2600
8	Minneapolis, MN 55402
9	For the Defendant:
10	SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM, LLP
11	John H. Beisner, Esq. Jessica D. Miller, Esq.
12	1440 New York Ave. NW Washington, DC 20005
13	FAEGRE BAKER DANIELS
14	Daniel J. Connolly, Esq. Joseph M. Price, Esq.
15	2200 Wells Fargo Center 90 S. 7th St.
16	Minneapolis, MN 55402
17	Also Appearing:
18	BRYAN CAVE
19	Christopher Schmidt, Esq. 211 North Broadway, Suite 3600
20	St. Louis, MO 63102-2750
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

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PROCEEDINGS 1 IN OPEN COURT 2. 3 (Commencing at 1:30 p.m.) THE COURT: We are here this afternoon in the matter 4 5 of the National Hockey League Players' Concussion Injury 6 Litigation. This is MDL 14-2551. Let's do our appearances, 7 shall we, beginning with the Plaintiff. 8 MR. BRIAN PENNY: Brian Penny from Goldman, 9 Scarlato & Penny on behalf of the Plaintiff. MR. STUART DAVIDSON: Good afternoon, Judge. 10 Davidson on behalf of the Plaintiff. 11 12 MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Charles Zimmerman for the Plaintiffs. 13 MR. BRIAN GUDMUNDSON: Good afternoon. Brian 14 15 Gudmundson of Zimmerman Reed on behalf of the Plaintiffs. MR. WILLIAM SINCLAIR: Bill Sinclair, Silverman, 16 17 Thompson, Slutkin & White, on behalf of the Plaintiffs. 18 MR. SCOTT ANDRESON: Good afternoon, Judge. Scott Andreson, Bassford Remele, on behalf of the Plaintiffs. 19 20 MR. DAVID LEVINE: Good afternoon. David Levine of 21 The Levine Law Firm. 22 MR. MICHAEL CASHMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Michael Cashman from the Zelle Hoffman firm for Plaintiffs. 23 24 MR. DAVID GOODWIN: Good afternoon. David Goodwin, 25 Gustafson Gluek, for the Plaintiffs.

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1
               MR. DAVID CIALKOWSKI: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
 2
     Dave Cialkowski for the Plaintiffs.
 3
               MR. HART ROBINOVITCH: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
 4
     Hart Robinovitch from Zimmerman Reed on behalf of the
 5
     Plaintiffs.
 6
               MR. JEFFREY BORES: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
 7
     Jeffrey Bores from Chestnut Cambronne.
 8
               MR. MEL OWENS: Good afternoon. Mel Owens, Namanny,
 9
     Byrne & Owens, for the Plaintiffs.
               THE COURT: Mr. Klobucar, did you make your --
10
               MR. JEFFREY KLOBUCAR: I didn't, Judge. I was going
11
12
     to do that now. Jeff Klobucar, Bassford Remele, on behalf of
13
     the Plaintiffs. And appearing with us today telephonically is
14
     Tom Byrne from the Namanny, Byrne & Owens firm in California.
15
     Thank you, Judge.
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. John
16
17
     Beisner on behalf of the Defendant, NHL.
18
               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
19
     Dan Connolly on behalf of Defendant, NHL.
20
               MS. JESSICA MILLER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
21
     Jessica Miller on behalf of NHL.
22
               MR. JOSEPH PRICE: Joe Price, Your Honor.
     afternoon.
23
24
               THE COURT: Good afternoon.
25
               MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: Good afternoon, Your
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1 Chris Schmidt with Bryan Cave on behalf of the United Honor. 2 States Hockey Clubs, all nonparties. 3 THE COURT: Very good. 4 MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: In addition, Your Honor, on the telephone for the NHL are David Zimmerman and Julie Grand 5 6 from the NHL; Mr. Shep Goldfein from the Skadden, Arps firm; 7 and Mr. Joe Baumgartner and Adam Lupion from the Proskauer Rose firm. 8 9 THE COURT: Very good. Thanks. 10 MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: I have a proposal to make, and that is 12 that I am a little limited in time today. I need to be done 13 at 3:30, so I think we ought to jump right into the motions so 14 that we have plenty of time for the motion. Is it possible 15 for us to cover the other issues at our upcoming June 17th 16 informal conference, or is there some objection to doing that? 17 Or are there some isolated issues that we could address 18 quickly that you would prefer to deal with today? 19 (Discussion off the record between Mr. Zimmerman and 20 Mr. Beisner.)

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: I think most of the issues on the status agenda are really updates, and there's really nothing big that we have to have you to decide. It's mostly information. There's some nits and nats with it, but I don't think it would hurt to push it off --

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1
               THE COURT: To the June 17th conference?
 2
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Yes.
 3
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
                                  Very good.
 4
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: We're in agreement, Your Honor.
     I think most of the information we're going to provide was in
 5
 6
     the agenda to the Court for those items, anyway. So I
 7
     think --
 8
               THE COURT:
                           I have it anyway.
 9
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: -- you're up to date.
10
               THE COURT:
                            Okay.
11
               MR. JOHN BEISNER:
                                   Thank you.
12
               THE COURT: Now, I wondered about -- you have on
13
     here scheduling of next formal status conference. Does that
14
     mean that there's a request that the July 2nd conference be
15
     changed?
                                             I don't believe so.
16
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: No.
                                                                  Ιt
17
     just was a confirmation, really, to make sure we're all on the
18
     same page with that.
19
               THE COURT:
                            Okay.
20
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: We're fine with that date, Your
21
     Honor.
22
               THE COURT: So June 17th for the informal
23
     conference, July 2nd for the formal conference.
24
               MR. STUART DAVIDSON: Good afternoon, Judge.
25
     only thing I want to bring to the Court's attention if we're
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1
     going to bypass some of the updates to the Court is I thought
 2
     it was important to let the Court know that, as we did through
 3
     the agenda, that Mr. Bettman's deposition has been tentatively
 4
     scheduled for July 31st and appears to be on schedule as the
     Court had requested.
 5
 6
               THE COURT: Very good.
 7
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: And we were going to give
     the Court the calendar of the depositions because I know it's
 8
 9
     something that you track. But certainly we just did arrive on
     the Bettman date for July 31st, and we wanted to make sure
10
     that everyone was aware of that and potentially we may have
11
12
     some conversations with the Court if --
13
               THE COURT: On July 31st?
14
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: On July 31st.
15
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
16
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Keep your line open
17
     (laughter).
18
               THE COURT: All right. Mr. Beisner, are you in
19
     agreement with that? I'm teasing. That's a rhetorical
20
     question.
21
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: We know your line is always open,
22
     Your Honor (laughter).
23
               THE COURT: Good response.
                                            Yeah.
24
                           Well, we will certainly walk through
               All right.
     carefully the rest of the updates at the June 17th conference.
25
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1
     I appreciate your willingness to move ahead to the motion just
 2
     to give it a --
 3
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Can I just confirm the times
 4
     for June 17th and July 2nd so we're all on the same page?
 5
               THE COURT: Yes. July 2nd is 1:30.
                                                     I believe
 6
     June 17th is 1:30. I'm not sure. What do you folks have?
 7
     can confirm that by e-mail today.
 8
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Yeah, Your Honor, my recollection
 9
     was and one thing we should clarify, I think we had talked
     about a morning time for the informal status conference.
10
                           That's right.
11
               THE COURT:
12
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Because it was suggested to you
13
     that we had two motions that might need to be heard in the
14
     courtroom on the record. My recollection is that both of
15
     those, fortunately, have been resolved. So, that won't be
16
     necessary. So, whatever start time we had for the in-court
17
     discussion, I guess, could be the start time for the
18
     conference.
19
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
20
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: I think it was 9 a.m. is what
21
     we --
22
               THE COURT: Yeah, I just got a note from my --
23
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Well, for the formal it was 9
24
     a.m. and --
25
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
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1
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Correct me if I'm wrong.
 2
               THE COURT: Let's stop. The June 17th was going to
 3
     be informal with the possibility of two motions.
 4
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Correct.
               THE COURT: So now I think it will be our informal
 5
 6
     conference.
 7
               MR. JOHN BEISNER:
                                  Right.
               THE COURT: I think you're right, it starts at
 8
 9
     9 a.m.
             The next formal conference will be July 2nd at 1:30.
               MR. JOHN BEISNER:
10
                                   Thank you.
11
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Thank you.
12
               THE COURT: All right.
13
               With that, let's turn our attention, then, to the
14
     pending motions and who wishes to be heard.
15
               MR. BRIAN PENNY: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
     Penny on behalf of the Plaintiffs.
16
17
               Let me just see if I can call up my -- I'm planning
     to use a few PowerPoint slides and I, before the hearing, left
18
19
     a few on your bar there. Most I'm planning to discuss, really
20
     just quote from one case that was not cited in our briefs, and
21
     so that is the very thick case that you have on your desk, as
22
     well.
23
               THE COURT: Very good.
24
               MR. BRIAN PENNY: I wanted to cover three things in
25
     this argument. First, I wanted to address the scope of
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1
     Plaintiffs' motion to compel, as I proposed, surreplies that
 2
     were filed Tuesday evening. And I want to see if I can kind
 3
     of bring a little bit of clarity back to the scope of our
 4
     motion. Second, after that I want to explain why the
     information we seek on concussions is not actually protected
 5
 6
     by any privilege, statutory or at common law, even that
 7
     information that might be lifted from a medical record because
     the information really isn't all that private to begin with
 8
 9
     and the players don't really expect that it will remain
10
     private.
               THE COURT: Can I interrupt you right there?
11
12
     sorry to do that.
                                  Sure.
13
               MR. BRIAN PENNY:
14
               THE COURT: When you folks met and talked about
15
     search terms, you must have had a discussion about these
16
     compilations or studies. Am I right about that?
17
               MR. BRIAN PENNY: Well, not necessarily, Your Honor.
18
     No.
19
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
20
               MR. BRIAN PENNY: In fact, because the search terms
21
     are only going to be applied to the e-mail databases and my
22
     understanding -- and Club counsel can correct me if I'm
23
     wrong -- the rest of the electronic information that they
24
     had -- and we weren't talking about these databases -- were
25
     just going to be searched sort of as if you were searching a
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manual file for responsiveness to our requests.

THE COURT: So, the search term might have included the word "concussion" but not the word "medical" or was not designed to get at e-mails or correspondence which you refer to in your motion about these studies?

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Well, and that is where I think where this motion to compel intersects with some of the other files that would more traditionally be called medical files or medical records. And I was going to get into that as part of the scope discussion --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: -- because I think that might be where, if there's a miscommunication, it might be on what we're all calling a medical record in the first instance.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: So -- and then the third thing I was going to do, Your Honor, this afternoon was try to explain to you why this information is not just relevant to our case but that it's also important. So, let's begin with scope.

The first slide that I have for you deals with the scope of Plaintiffs' motion, and these are the eight document requests to which the Clubs have lobbed the private medical objections. And this slide is lifted straight from our opening brief. And as you can see, the first three responses ask for communications such as e-mails between, in the first

instance the Clubs and authors or researchers involved in the concussion study; in the second instance, communications with members of the Concussion Program Committee; and in the third instance, with members of the Concussion Working Group.

THE COURT: And maybe that answers my question, that these were objected to and so the e-mail search terms now don't include anything about this, even if those search terms would lead to non-privileged material.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Well --

MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: Your Honor, if I just may. I don't -- I think on these issues, it's more of a narrow issue were respect to our objection. We will be searching for documents responsive to these requests, to the extent they're e-mails or other communications. However, if there's private medical information regarding a specific player that happens to be a part of that communication, in that limited instance, then, there would be a patient/physician privilege. If we have an authorization, we turn it over. If not, then on that limited aspect of responsive information, we would not.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: And to -- well, and to that, to jump a little bit ahead in my script, so to speak, that brings us right to one of the examples that I put in our reply brief and it was an example that came out of the meet and confer that we conducted right after the Clubs and the NHL filed their response brief. And the example that I think basically

Mr. Schmidt was referring to was a hypothetical e-mail -- and this is the one we talked about in the meet and confer -- between a Club owner and the Commissioner in which the Club owner tells the Commissioner, my star player just got another concussion in last night's game. The response from the Clubs and the NHL was, we would withhold -- or they would withhold that document because it established -- or it reflects a medical diagnosis of a concussion for a specific player.

That is the type of e-mail that would be responsive to 10, 11, or 12 -- well, not necessarily 10, 11 or 12 but the type of e-mail that we're afraid is being withheld based on medical privileges. It explains exactly why our motion is not focused primarily or even solely on private medical records themselves but all these other communications and databases and data that's been collected by the League and studied for concussion purposes that I would not call a private medical record. I don't know if you wanted to address that or -- MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: I'll address comments after you're done. I will address that issue.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Fair enough.

THE COURT: I think what's important is to draw these lines more carefully. I think -- but -- I'll get to that in a minute. Go ahead.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: And just while we're on this topic, one of our greatest concerns that came up in the

meet-and-confer process was also -- was not that just Club's counsel and NHL's counsel said they would withhold that type of an e-mail or communication but that it would not even be logged on a privilege log. So we wouldn't even know if a document like that existed and, if it did, if it was being withheld; and if it was being withheld, whether the withholding had any merit to it. And so that was one of the concerns that none of this was actually even being logged even though it was going to be withheld based on privilege.

THE COURT: What if -- and did you have these communications with the Clubs, what if the communications had to do with the result of a concussion study that was based on the medical information from the players but didn't personally identify them?

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Well, that's actually what I was going to address next.

THE COURT: But what was the answer? You didn't really have that discussion. Maybe that was the problem.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: We did -- well, go ahead.

MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: No, go ahead.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: We didn't, in part, at least because my understanding of the way the Clubs had maintained their medical records at the time was that the medical records themselves were more in a physical format, and they weren't really -- couldn't really run reports on them without having

somebody manually go through all the files and perhaps cult— —— which is still something I think we could do and should do because there's responsive information in even the medical files that deal just with concussions and can be produced and redacted format without any privacy concerns. But what I've only recently come to understand is that my understanding of this Athlete Health Management System, this database that the Clubs have been using to log all their medical information since 2006, is actually a rather powerful database and reports of the nature that you suggested could be run on those and could be run in the identified format. And I actually have a slide on that.

This is a slide taken from the web page of the company that hosts the Athlete Health Management System, and this company actually hosts this medical information online for a number of professional sports leagues, including the NHL. And they describe on this website the -- some of the functionality and capability of the Athlete Health Management System. And one of the things they tout that it can do is it does injury trend analysis and research. To me, that means you can run reports on various injuries and use it as a research tool. They also note that a key component of the system is the Injury Surveillance and Analysis System. This system seems to be doing exactly what we want it to do. It first -- it can track deidentified data from injury reports.

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     So, if it wasn't deidentified already, apparently this system
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     can deidentify those injury reports for us. It also uses
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     consistent coding for injuries, which again to me means you
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     can take an injury like a concussion that is apparently
     consistently coded across the entire database, and run a
 5
 6
     report that will cull out the records just on concussions, and
 7
     again can do it in deidentified format.
               THE COURT: Now, this system is in the possession of
 8
 9
     whom?
                                  Good question.
10
               MR. BRIAN PENNY:
                                                  I would say the
     Clubs, the NHL has, I think NHL has told us they don't control
11
     it. The Clubs -- this is the Club's information -- or excuse
12
13
     me, this is the Club's injury information on their athletes.
14
     And Mr. Schmidt, if you'll remember, addressed it in some
15
     detail in his report as the resource that has the
     quote-unquote medical records since 2006.
16
17
               THE COURT: Right, what I wasn't sure of is whether
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     this is kept with the NHL or not.
               MR. BRIAN PENNY: I will let NHL counsel discuss
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20
     that, but we've asked that question. I think the answer we've
21
     gotten is that they are disclaiming any control over it.
22
               THE COURT:
                           That they have no access to it. Okay.
               MR. BRIAN PENNY: Now -- well, I'll let them address
23
24
     that.
25
               THE COURT:
                            Okay.
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MR. BRIAN PENNY: So, while the Clubs are calling information like this Athlete Health Management Database and all the information within it as protected medical records, Plaintiffs would say, no, you can run reports or extract data or information on concussions from this source and it's no longer a protected medical record worthy of protection. And that's a point we made in our reply brief when we quoted the This is a distinction -- excuse me -- recall that Patel case. the Clubs argued that certain states, like Michigan, their physician-patient privilege was absolute and even protected communications that were redacted. And they cited a Michigan appellate court decision, Meier v. Awaad. But as previously explained by the same court in Patel v. Wayandotte, the case on the screen here, a report that included information derived from, quote, several hundred patient medical records, unquote, was not a communication or medical record in its own right that would be privileged. The report in Patel compared information on the complaints presented to doctors with the ultimate diagnosis and treatment that was rendered, but it didn't include any of the patient's personal identifiers. Distinguishing this evidence from that sought in the line of privacy cases relied on in Meier, the case cited by the Clubs -- the Patel court reiterated that a report created from a review of medical records was different from the medical records themselves and further explained that none of the

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prior cases, quote, considered the admissibility of evidence that did not reveal the patient's identity or any information from which that identity could be discovered, end quote.

The report in *Patel* is very much like the report I think we just discussed about running on the Athlete Health Management Database. And even if the -- and this is something I just harkened to before. Even if the records weren't housed in such a powerful online database, a report could still be created manually by looking through all of the medical records, just as was done in *Patel*, and such a report wouldn't carry with it the same privacy concerns because the information is deidentified and is no longer personal or private. We believe there are other databases like this that would be available to Plaintiffs and that the NHL has used to study, specifically to study concussions, such as the Impact Database and the Sports Injury Monitoring System.

So, we think that similar responsive information could be obtained from these databases. So, again, when we're talking about what is or what is not a medical record, perhaps some of the confusion is that Plaintiffs are saying we're not seeking the medical records themselves, we've never asked for wholesale disclosure of the Athlete Health Management System, for example, but we understand that that system houses relevant information, information about concussions and the treatment for concussions that are responsive to our request

and we think that the information can be produced without any of the privacy concerns.

Before I move on to the next part, which was going to be to discuss why this information really isn't all that private in the first instance -- before I leave this, did you have any questions?

THE COURT: No.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Okay. Part of the reason we think that this information isn't really all that private to begin with is because the players are accustomed to this sort of information being in the public realm to begin with. Here, the concussion injuries themselves happen in very public spectacles. They occur in hockey games watched by thousands of spectators in the arena and thousands more at home on T.V., thus the incidence of the injury of a concussion is not private. Now, following the injury, if the player is going to miss game time as a result, the Club will issue an injury report.

And that report can include information on the player's diagnosis and treatment for the injury and how much game time he is expected to miss as a result. And after the reports are issued, the press and the media then mine these reports and other sources for as much information as they can report on the players' injuries and their current status. And I have some examples of just a collection or a compilation of

these injury reports.

This is a compilation put together by CBS sports.

They organize it by team. They have a last update of the injury, the player's name that was injured, and the type of injury. And as you can see, "concussion" is listed several times. Again, the fact that a player sustained a concussion is simply not private information. But there's more information available here on player injuries, too. If you click on one, like Jesse Winchester here, for instance, you'll get a series of updates.

Starting in October 2nd, 2014, it was reported that Mr. Winchester sustained a concussion and on that day, his coach, Patrick Roy, noted that he could be out for a while and he'll be subjected to the League's concussion protocols. A week later, the update is he still has a concussion, he has yet to resume skating, if he fails to make any more progress, he'll probably be on the injured reserve list. The following week there's additional information, he has yet to receive clearance for practice and he continues to experience concussion—like symptoms.

A week later, there's another update. He's resumed taking part in noncontact drills but he hasn't been cleared for full contact yet. The next update doesn't come until the middle of December, the concussion symptoms here have been bothering him still and he continues to experience vision

problems now. Now the end of January, his coach, Patrick Roy, says again he's not doing very well. It turns out at the end of March, he was cleared to travel with the team but then on April 7th, they declared he would be out for the season.

So, information like this about a player's injury, the fact that Mr. Winchester suffered a concussion, how he was handling the concussion, how he was recuperating from it, what his return to play guidelines looked like, what his symptoms continue to be are all in the public domain. None of that information is expected by Mr. Winchester or anyone else to remain private. The point of all this information being public is that playing professional hockey is a different type of a profession, one that brings with it a decreased expectation of privacy when it comes to information about one's sports injuries.

Now, note I didn't say it brings with it a decreased expectation of privacy to all things medical related. But when it comes to a hockey player's injuries, that information is generally in the public domain. As the California Supreme Court recognized in a case Hill v. NCAA, a case that was not cited in our briefs but which held drug testing was not an unconstitutional invasion of privacy, the Court made the following observations of college athletes and their reasonable expectations of privacy that I think applies equally, if not in a stronger sense, to professional hockey

players.

2.

The Court recognized, by its nature, participation in intercollegiate athletics, particularly in highly-competitive post-season championship events, involves close regulation and scrutiny of the physical fitness and bodily condition of student athletes. Required physical examinations, including urine analysis and special regulation of sleep habits, diet, fitness, and other activities that intrude significantly on privacy interests are routine aspects of a college athlete's life not shared by other students or the population at large.

As a result of its unique set of demands, athletic participation carries with it social norms that effectively diminish the athlete's reasonable expectation of personal privacy in his or her bodily condition, both internal and external. You simply can't compare information about a professional hockey player's on-ice injuries to the sensitivity or privacy of medical records of a nonathlete.

There isn't the same level of privacy in these records as there are in medical records of women seeking abortions, which was a case that was cited by the Clubs; or someone being treated for substance abuse, or even somebody being treated for high blood pressure who is not a professional athlete. It's important to keep in mind that in the context of these statutory privileges that the Clubs

invoke, they are not common law privileges, thus they are to be construed narrowly and in accordance with the justification or basis for those statutory privileges.

As the Club stated in their opposition, there are two justifications for these statutes. The first, the individual's right to, quote, conduct their lives free of unwarranted intrusions by strangers into the intimate details of their medical histories, end quote. That is simply not the case here, where the intrusion isn't unwarranted, and it's not intimate details but the information we're seeking is essentially public information about injuries or concussions, the treatment for those concussions, and the return to play guidelines.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this. Did this issue come up in the NFL concussion cases or in the NCAA concussion cases?

MR. BRIAN PENNY: There are others here who know more about these cases than I do, but I don't think that any of those cases actually reached discovery, so I don't think these issues were addressed.

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: I was involved -- am involved in -- I'm involved in both the NCAA and in the NFL, and they did not come up. In football, we did not reach the discovery stages. In NCAA, we also did not reach it to this level. We reached some statistical understandings, but most

of it was done in the context of mediation.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: And then that brings me to the second justification offered by the Clubs for these statutes, and that is to ensure open and honest communications between patients and their medical providers. Those concerns are not implicated by the information sought here. Information that does not directly disclose communication from a player to his doctor, nor would its disclosure have a chilling effect on communications between the player and his doctor, or the patient and his doctor. The players themselves expect this information to be disclosed in public injury reports and discussed by the media.

And since roughly 1997, they also expect this information to be studied by the NHL and reported on to purportedly better protect them. That is precisely what we're aiming to do here, which is to better protect the players. And information about the incidence of a concussion, the course of treatment given, the amount of game time missed as a result is simply not private, nor is there any privacy interest to be promoted by protecting that information.

I want to talk just a moment also about why this information is relevant and important to our case. First, the NHL is relying on collection — its collection of data and its study of concussions as one of the cornerstones of its

defense, its defense in the public media and its defense in this litigation. The NHL has claimed repeatedly that they're the most proactive sports league on concussions, citing heavily this ongoing collection and study. In fact, just a few nights ago, Commissioner Bettman appeared on Fox Business. And contrasting the work that his League has done compared to the NHL, he stated: We were the first sports league to have baseline testing, protocols for diagnosis and return-to-play decisions, a whole host of things that we've done to try to look at the entire issue.

The data they've collected on concussions is one of the shields they've deployed in this litigation and now they and the Clubs want to block this information from discovery. It will certainly be difficult for Plaintiffs to challenge the NHL's findings regarding concussions if we're not permitted to examine and analyze the very same data and information on concussions that the NHL studied. It would also be unfair and perhaps prejudicial to allow the NHL to utilize such data and information in its defense without making it equally available to Plaintiffs.

Second, Plaintiffs don't just want to know what the NHL studied, but we also want to know what it didn't study, such as perhaps information on concussions that were available to it from the medical records that predate 1997. Again, the Clubs, as I understand it, are shielding this information

behind medical privileges. And third, the same data on concussions studied by the NHL and perhaps some additional data that it didn't study can be used by Plaintiffs' experts to model damages. The information and data on concussions is important to Plaintiffs' case. Moreover, as you can see, Plaintiffs are not interested in receiving entire medical files or even un-redacted medical files.

We have no interest in matching specific players to specific injuries. Thus, we're perfectly willing to receive information or data on concussions in deidentified or anonymized formats. As we mentioned in our papers, most courts recognize that since such redaction of personal identifiers renders the information no longer private or protected since there is no longer anything personal or private about that information. And it bears emphasizing — and this is where I'm going to end — that all this information will be received subject to a protective order that's already in place. The protective order is HIPPA compliant and I don't think at this point any of the parties are all that concerned about a HIPPA violation.

The protective order will further shield this information from public view. And it's hard to imagine how disclosure of reports, information, or data on concussions in deidentified format pursuant to a staunch protective order will in any way offend the physician-patient privilege or such

disclosures will have no chilling effect on future communications between players and doctors and when there is no opportunity for embarrassment or unexpected intrusion into the players' personal lives.

Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Schmidt.

MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: Thank you, Your Honor.

Your Honor, on behalf of the U.S. Clubs, what we've heard today and what we heard in the reply brief from Plaintiffs is a remarkable pivot from where we started. When we started down this road, Plaintiffs were asking for the medical files of the non-players and we even — we had multiple meet—and—confers, we offered to turn over to Plaintiffs any medical file in its entirety if we received a signed medical authorization. We even appeared before this Court on April 7th and at that hearing you asked Plaintiffs to provide us authorizations for the six named Plaintiffs at least, and we immediately, within 10 days, turned over those medical files.

A week after receiving those medical files,

Plaintiffs proceeded with filing their motion to compel. And
in their motion to compel, they repeatedly asked for the

medical records and information of non-players. It was the

core of their motion. It was what we talked about on multiple

meet-and-confers, what we talked about in informals even before this Court. The -- they requested the medical and health records of the Club players from the period of January 1st, 1967, through the present. Your Honor, in response to that, we filed our opposition brief.

And we made clear to the Court several overarching arguments that prohibited the Clubs from disclosing private medical information of nonparties to this litigation without their consent. First, the ADA prohibits it. There's EEOC guidance right on point that makes it very clear that an employer cannot release a nonparty's medical information without that party's consent.

THE COURT: But this is all moot now. They're not seeking personal identifiers.

MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: I agree. I agree. And so what we're dealing with, then, is in response to our opposition, Plaintiffs do a remarkable pivot in the reply brief. And for the first time, we began to discuss just some of the issues that Mr. Penny raised on May 22nd, the Friday before Memorial Day weekend, and right after Memorial Day weekend, Plaintiffs filed their reply brief on these issues. I would submit to the Court that on all of these new issues that are being raised, Plaintiffs don't want medical records, they don't want the private medical information of nonparties. We respect that change, we think it's the proper way to

proceed. On all these other issues, we need to talk about it.

We've had one conversation shortly before they filed their reply brief, Your Honor, and it — as a result, to many of the questions that they're posing here, we need to sit down and look at these together with Plaintiffs and see if there's an appropriate resolution on these issues. I would propose that we could come back at the next informal and report on our meet and confer progress on these issues themselves.

At the same time, we've been working really hard, Your Honor, to deal with all the other subpoena requests. And I stood up briefly during Mr. Penny's argument to make just a point that on all these other requests, we — the Clubs actually went to Plaintiffs and said, why don't we do e-mail searches and come up with search terms. And we've worked on that over the last two months and have come up with a whole list of search terms for head trainers, GMs for the Clubs, and the League has worked on Governors. We're dealing with, just on the U.S. side, 23 separate Clubs and at least 46 custodians, stretching all different e-mail systems. And we're going to go through and search for all sorts of issues that Plaintiffs wanted us to search for: Concussions, head injuries, fighting, and other terms.

And in response to that, we will turn over documents that are responsive. And this whole issue of what the Clubs may or may not be able to claim a valid privilege on, that's a

question for another day. There's not a single document right now, as we're standing here before this Court, that we are withholding on the grounds of privilege. We're just beginning the collection of e-mails, and it's going to take some time to do that. And as we go forward, we will look at those e-mails. And if we hold back documents, we agreed when we talked about this, we would continue to talk about the appropriate way, whether we need to put those on a privilege log or whether we could talk about those by categories, but that we would continue to meet and confer even on that issue.

And my whole point on this is at some point, to shift this entire issue on a reply brief based on one conversation the Friday before Memorial Day is inappropriate. And I'm not even sure if we have a dispute on any of these issues at this point. I don't know. We need to go through a normal meet—and—confer process. I'm trying to represent 23 Clubs and do this in good faith before this Court and meet our obligations. I should be given the opportunity to do that in an orderly way and to be surprised at a reply brief or to receive a new PowerPoint presentation with new cases that have not been provided to me at this hearing is not a way to proceed in an orderly way.

And, Your Honor, that's all I would ask, is as we move forward, I would ask that we proceed in a way that gives the parties an opportunity to work in good faith. I can

assure this Court, I assured you the last time I was up here, we would work through these issues. And our intention is I don't want to have to come before this Court on any issues. And my goal is to resolve these with Plaintiffs in a good faith way. And I would ask that the Court give the parties the opportunity to do that.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. CHRISTOPHER SCHMIDT: Thank you.

THE COURT: Does the NHL wish to be heard?

Mr. Beisner.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: Your Honor, just briefly on these issues. And I would primarily echo what Mr. Schmidt said. I think we've just gotten a little off track on the motion, and there probably is a need for further meet and confer here. You know, I think the initial motion, at least we interpreted as being primarily focused on a request for medical records. Much of that meet and confer was conducted with the Clubs, but that was certainly our sense of the motion and everything that led up to it and the informal discovery conference. Chris mentioned the request to get the medical records that the Club had so they could evaluate those as a basis for the motion and so on, so I think that's what we thought we were talking about.

And for whatever reason, the Plaintiffs have decided to step back from that position and look at other documents,

1 which is fine, and frankly I think that's a more productive 2 area to explore. But the problem is we haven't had really an 3 opportunity to meet and confer on those issues. Keep in mind 4 we had a motion and I think it's hard to say -- and I don't mean to be repeating this, Your Honor -- but hard to say it 5 6 wasn't focused on medical records. The Clubs opposed. 7 filed a brief on that. And then after all that briefing, we had the first time where we were heard but were not really 8 9 focused on medical records. But let me note, for example, the AHMS system 10 which --11 12 THE COURT: Yes. 13 MR. JOHN BEISNER: -- is worth exploring. That was 14 not mentioned in the opening brief. We, from the NHL's 15 perspective -- and I think Chris was indicating on behalf of 16 the Clubs, they're happy to talk about that. I don't know, 17 Your Honor, because this was really the first time there's 18 been a focus on the AHMS --19 THE COURT: You don't know whether the NHL has 20 access or control --21 MR. JOHN BEISNER: We do have access to it, and it's 22 done collaboratively I believe with the Clubs. I mean, I 23 think you have, Your Honor, before you a Declaration that I 24 think the Clubs submitted from Dr. Meeuwisse indicating what's 25 on that system. It's largely medical records, but I think the

question that Mr. Penny has raised, you know, can it be queried to extract deidentified information? Let's talk about it.

THE COURT: And coded. It appears to say it can.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: Yeah, but we have not had a

conversation. We haven't --

THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Beisner, up here.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: Okay. I'm sorry, Your Honor (laughter). This is the frustration that we're having on this is we're sort of having a meet and confer before the Court.

And, Your Honor, you know, I think there's been a fair amount of information that has been produced already and will continue to be produced that are the analyzes that the NHL has done and so on. And so I don't think there is this bright line that's there that's being suggested.

There's lots of deidentified data, analysis, and so on that is being produced. And if there are specific areas Plaintiffs want to talk about, we're happy to do that and see what can be worked out in that regard. We're going to have to talk to some of our famous IT folks to figure out whether information can be extracted from — or whether there is information there that is deidentified that can be produced or through some other way we can work through that. But I think we're more than — more than happy to do that, but we just haven't had that opportunity to do that because of the way

this has played out. So, I would suggest, Your Honor, that we have these discussions and if what we can't resolve, we come back to you on the 17th and present.

2.

There's one thing, though, that I did want to ask, and Your Honor mentioned something about bright lines earlier, and I think that's it. There was a statement made earlier about, we're not asking for medical records, but then there's still an argument being made that somehow these privacy rights shouldn't be respected. And I think it would be helpful for Plaintiffs to clarify what do they want at the moment? Again, they may ask for something different later. If what they're saying is we want to proceed in discussions here without invading medical records that are entitled to, under the arguments that the Clubs have made, to privacy rights, then we can proceed on that basis.

It doesn't mean that, as we go through these discussions, you don't run into some categories of materials where there will be some further discussion on that. But I think that clarification would be important so we know the ground rule that we're dealing with going into those conversations. And I'm not asking Your Honor to rule. I'm just saying --

THE COURT: No, I hear you.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: -- making the position of Plaintiffs clear because if this continues to be, well, we may

want medical records and we may not, then I think these discussions are going to be difficult. So, I think in terms of articulating that bright line without prejudice to going after certain other materials later, it would be helpful to know whether, for purposes of this discussion, if that's the line we're talking about.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: And with that, Your Honor, that's all I have.

THE COURT: Okay.

Mr. Penny.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: So, this is not a great pivot from where we started. And again, as to what Mr. Beisner said at the end, it's not been this moving target that we've presented. We've said all along, we want information on the concussion injuries and the treatment for those injuries and return to play. We have never asked specifically for medical records. We looked at the eight document requests that the objections were lodged against. None of them specifically say "medical records." Sixteen and 17 ask for all information on head trauma, concussion suffered by the Clubs' players, and the other deals with brain disease from the Clubs' players. Yeah, that's probably in some medical files. But like we said, we're not asking for the medical files themselves. We want the data on and the information on the concussion

injuries extracted from those files when they can be deidentified and there are no privacy interests that are going to be offended by that.

Part of the difficulty in getting to where we are today -- and remember we were here April 8th talking about some of these same issues -- if you read the Club's brief, their opposition brief, and you look at the end discussion about the AHMS system, doesn't it appear to you that that is a static system, nothing better than an online filing cabinet that has to be manually reviewed and redacted? We couldn't have a discussion about running a report on that system because it wasn't clear that that system had that capability. I only went and decided to Google AHMS the other day and found that web page that makes it look like that platform is a lot more powerful than I ever thought it would be. And it could make extracting the relevant information a lot easier and less burdensome. And it can be deidentified if it isn't already with very minimal effort.

So, again, this isn't a moving target. We've been looking from day one for the information on concussions that the NHL studied. We've been saying that's relevant since day one. We also want any other concussion information that the NHL decided not to study. That's essentially the collection effort we're aimed at. And again, some of it's in medical records, some of it might not be. We haven't been able to

discuss a good way to cull out that relevant information because we haven't been able to engage on that because initially, once these private medical objections came down, that was the end of the conversation until we filed this motion.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Thank you.

THE COURT: I think both sides make good and important points. And as frustrating as it might seem for both sides, I think we are at least progressing towards some articulation of the issues here. So, I am going to order a meet and confer to take place before June 17th. I want a report on June 17th about the status of that meet and confer.

I'm going to give you some guidance -- this is not an advisory opinion on rulings, it's just some guidance of my thinking at the moment, to the extent that that will give you some assistance in reaching agreements on some of these issues.

In my experience with databases and expert work or the compilation of reports from databases and the like, I have found that incorporating the presence of IT folks who understand these databases in the meet and confer process is useful, even possibly experts could come in for that purpose. So, I strongly encourage you to have present at your meet and confer more than lawyers. I know that lawyers are

knowledgeable about everything, but sometimes not about databases (laughter). So, please invite folks who can speak knowledgably about these databases. Including, for instance, their capacities to run reports, but also including information about what reports have been run, what reports have not been run, how long the data has been collected, whether it can be deidentified, whether it can be effectively coded. You can make the same list I can make, but I want you to think in advance of the meet and confer about what you would share with the IT folks so they are prepared to address questions. And I would have them on both sides, frankly, if it were me.

Okay. I think that the heart of the issue here is what the NHL knew from the data it collected. And the NHL is going to want to use those studies and that data to defend this case. And so it is fair for the Plaintiffs to be able to, first of all, see what they rely upon; and secondly, understand how it was compiled and what wasn't compiled.

Now, there have been other litigations where studies about medical issues are conducted internally within a company or an industry and it's subject to some claims of bias sometimes. And so the Plaintiffs need to have the full opportunity to explore that. So, I think the NHL, for instance, has to anticipate what its experts are going to rely upon in testifying because we don't want data production late

in the game. Okay.

2.

The Court is not inclined to step ahead of the case law and suggest that these players don't have a privacy interest in this data. So, for now at least, the Court is inclined to require that data be deidentified and coded. It's important that it be coded because you can't assess the efficacy or the accuracy of a study unless the same player is followed throughout with the same code. So — and hopefully this database will permit you to do that. According to its instructions, it can.

Obviously to the extent that the Clubs or the NHL produced — created any internal reports or studies or analysis from these databases, they should be produced. If there are personal identifiers, they should be deidentified. As between the Clubs and the NHL, to the extent that the NHL has control or access to this information, it's only fair that the NHL bear the burden of that deidentification and coding because, after all, the Clubs are third parties to this litigation.

Certainly to the extent that there is correspondence or e-mails among the Clubs and the NHL or any researcher or other professional or any party retained to do these studies or to compile this data, again, that is relevant and discoverable information and it ought to be redacted and produced.

Nobody mentioned today Article 34.3 of the

Collective Bargaining Agreement. I think anything that was
made public pursuant to that section of the Collective

Bargaining Agreement is — should be produced. Along the way,
you should come up with a process so that if there is concern
on the part of the Clubs or the NHL that, despite
deidentification, that the nature of the communication will
identify the player, like "our star player," or "our best
forward" or whatever it is. That's the sort of thing you can
raise on a case by case in camera with the Court. I can take
a look at the concern in camera and decide whether that's a
fair risk, which leads me to the next point, which is the only
way we can handle these disputes is with some kind of
privilege log.

Now, if we're talking about huge volumes, I'm not -I wouldn't object to a categories approach or a sampling
approach. These are all things that ought to be subject to -categories and sampling can work really well, as long as
everybody is agreeable that if I conclude, based on the
sampling of a category, that it's to be produced, everything
in the category gets produced, so -- okay.

I am not persuaded by case law that suggests that communications or, for that matter, records that contain — that are deidentified and cannot otherwise identify a player are a violation of the law. I have a hard time getting to

that. I don't see that. So, I think the problem is solved with deidentification, frankly. If it comes — what I also would suggest is that we do the production in phases. And down the road, it might come to pass that we need to do some statistical sampling of data, perhaps that wasn't studied by the Clubs or the NHL and we could come up with a protocol for that and deidentify it and the like. That might come down the line, so you should continue these meet—and—confers so that we're not faced at expert discovery with opinions that rely on data that hasn't been fairly produced.

Certainly as the case progresses, if additional players provide written consent, then anything can be produced once there's consent. To the extent that a player's injury was made public for any purpose or injury reports were issued, all — anything that's made public, there's no rights, privacy rights that attach to that. I'd recommend that the Plaintiffs, in anticipation of this meet and confer, identify scenarios that you worry about that are close calls so that you can actually meet and confer on those scenarios and present those scenarios to the Court if you can't agree.

To the extent that any of this leads to concerns about burden, the way to address that is to provide Affidavits with specifics about burden to the Court so I can assess the burden versus the relevance under the appropriate law, and that would also be as between the Clubs and the NHL as a party

and a nonparty.

2.

Sometimes it makes sense if, from a meet and confer of this nature, if it just seems overwhelming and you can't really grasp everything, I've seen it happen that there is a limited 30(b)(6) deposition of the knowledgeable IT folks which leads to an orderly way of presenting the evidence on what is possible here to be produced. And I think those are all I have in my notes.

Any thoughts about that approach?

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Just briefly. First as a clarification, when you ordered the parties to meet and confer, is it the three of us, the NHL, the Clubs --

THE COURT: Yes, yes.

MR. BRIAN PENNY: Okay. The second is a concern that addresses specifically the Impact Database. In the past -- and I don't want to put words in NHL Counsel's mouth -- they have said that they don't control or have -- I think they said don't have access to that. That's currently being withheld by a third party that we have a separate subpoena to. His attorney -- or Dr. Lovell, an impact -- it's an organization -- are sort of waiting for some guidance from you on whether to produce it. I understand the database can be deidentified very easily and that's what we've talked about receiving it that way. He's a little concerned about producing it though without some guidance from the Court or

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     some approval by the NHL. Can we make that part of our first
 2
     meet and confer or --
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               MR. JOHN BEISNER: We're happy to talk about that.
     And I think with this guidance today, I think the concern that
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     we've had has been on deidentification issues because that is
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 6
     a database, fundamentally, of medical records. But again, as
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     with all these things, we're happy to talk about it.
               THE COURT: Sure. We'll include it in the meet and
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 9
     confer.
              What about the Sports Injury Monitoring System?
                                 I honestly don't know much about
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               MR. BRIAN PENNY:
11
     that.
12
               THE COURT: I think it's called the Sports Injury
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     Monitoring System.
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               MR. JOHN BEISNER:
                                  We -- of course. And, you know,
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     that's the list that I think we should be talking about. And
     some of these are derivative of each other, as I understand
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17
     it, but, you know, I think it's the appropriate thing is to go
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     through a checklist. I don't have full information on how
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     those --
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               THE COURT: But you're going to all be bringing your
21
     knowledgeable people with, right?
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               MR. JOHN BEISNER: Thank God, Your Honor, we will
      (laughter). But that's right, and, you know, I think the
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     challenge we have is exactly what you mentioned earlier is
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     that these start off as being medical record information as
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1
     being fed in. The question is, what can you -- what is there
     in deidentified form and how can we deal with those issues.
 2
 3
     But that's what we need to explore.
 4
               THE COURT: Yes. And there's precedent for this.
     There's precedent for litigation where folks have looked at
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 6
     medical record data that are in databases, deidentified and
 7
     coded, for purposes of reaching conclusions that are not
     personal to any player but about the nature of these injuries.
 8
 9
     And I think we should be able to get there, too. Yeah.
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               MR. BRIAN PENNY:
                                 Thank you.
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               THE COURT: All right.
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               Any other questions from anybody?
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               All right. Well, I have a little bit of time if you
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     want to go back, then, to the ...
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               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: It's a little bit of a
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     sensitive subject but I want to raise it. It's not --
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               THE COURT: It's not the sensitive subject that
     we're going to talk about in chambers.
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19
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: It's not 7-D, but it --
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               THE COURT: All right.
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               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: A little historical
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     perspective on where we are and where we're trying to get to,
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     which is the completion of discovery and class certification
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     and an end date in December. You know, we're here in June,
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     and if you look at the production documents we're supposed to
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have by July, depositions that we wanted to do early are really being -- happening this summer. And just this soliloquy and this discussion we've had over these databases and the meet-and-confer process with experts, we're going to run out of runway.

And I'm not here to try and change a date yet. I'm here to alert the Court that from our side, we're getting a little nervous that the months that are left aren't going to be enough to complete. And so I don't want to come in here at the last minute and say we may be running out of runway, but I want the Court to know we're trying really hard. But from what I'm seeing so far, we've lost about -- it's taken longer.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this. Has the NHL -- and I'll ask them that -- given you an estimate of the anticipated numbers that will be produced by July 1?

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Well, that -- I haven't got that number, but that was on the agenda for today as something I was going to ask. So you're talking about the document, number one, right?

THE COURT: Document.

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: All we know is that we're getting more documents -- we're getting a privilege log Friday and that they're continuing to roll out documents every two weeks. And they believe they're on schedule for the completion by July 1, but we don't know --

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               THE COURT: I see that. I'd like to see how
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     end-loaded this is. I want to see what the numbers look like.
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               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Yeah, and I don't know.
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               THE COURT: Okay.
 5
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: At least on that issue,
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     you're going to have to ask the League. But we do know we've
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     only received 98,000 documents to date.
 8
               THE COURT: Okay.
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               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Your Honor --
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               THE COURT: Mr. Connolly.
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               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Would you like me to speak to
     that just --
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13
               THE COURT: I would love you to speak to that
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     (laughter).
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               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Well, now I'm not so sure I
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     want to (laughter). No, we expect there are going to be two
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     more productions of documents, Your Honor. We don't expect it
     to be end-loaded. You know, rough numbers, if you look at the
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     number of pages, we were thinking about 750-odd thousand, you
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     know, give or take several hundred thousand. But it's going
21
     to be in that range. As you see, the most recent production
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     was the largest. We expect these are going to be tapering
     off --
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24
               THE COURT: You think on July 1, the numbers will
25
     approximate 750,000 pages?
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               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: That's what I recall
 2
     Mr. Martino saying and he is, fortunately for him, off on
 3
     vacation. But that's the ballpark that I understand is being
 4
     currently estimated.
 5
               THE COURT:
                          Okay.
 6
               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: So, we have two more
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     productions that are approximately the same as these recent
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     productions.
 9
               THE COURT: And that will include all the custodians
     we've identified?
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               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: All the custodians that we've
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12
     identified, with some clean up work to be done, but
13
     substantial completion is our expectation, Your Honor.
14
               THE COURT: Okav.
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               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: And if we see major hiccups,
16
     we'll keep people informed.
17
               THE COURT: And tell me about these privilege logs.
18
     What is their size in terms of numbers of documents?
19
               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Well, the privilege logs are
20
     being -- I don't -- I haven't seen the most recent ones, Your
21
     Honor, but we are working diligently. They tend to follow the
22
     documents.
23
               THE COURT:
                           Right.
24
               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: And that's going to be later
25
     in time than July 1st.
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               THE COURT: No, I understand that. I was wondering
 2
     about quantity. You've produced three privilege logs, and I'm
 3
     just wondering how big they are.
 4
               MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: I'm not totally familiar with
 5
     all that, Your Honor.
 6
               MR. STUART DAVIDSON: I am, Your Honor, and it
 7
     started out real small. The last one was probably about
     three-quarters of an inch thick. So, we're still in the
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 9
     process of going through it.
                                   It's --
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               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
               MR. STUART DAVIDSON: It's substantial.
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12
               THE COURT: Do you have a document number for
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     that --
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               MR. STUART DAVIDSON: I didn't do that --
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               THE COURT: Would you try to figure that out by the
     June conference?
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17
               MR. STUART DAVIDSON:
                                     Absolutely.
18
               MR. BRIAN GUDMUNDSON: Your Honor, if I may, I was
19
     going to address one more issue with document production. We
20
     did reach an agreement on the Board of Governors' documents
21
     with respect to search terms. We do not have yet a time for
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     that to be produced. We had proposed July 1, and it turned
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     out that that was going to be a little bit too tight. We
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     would hope that August 1st might work. But I would ask that
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     some sort of framework be put in place so that we know -- we
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don't know the volume of it, we don't know how much is going
to be privileged and things like that. But we do have an
agreement with the NHL that if we get this production and it
appears that some of these Governors don't have substantial
documents, that alternates -- alternate Governors might be
appropriate, that we could in and ask for them. They may
oppose that, but we'd like to build in some time for that
process, too because we do believe there are several alternate
Governors in the NHL who carry a lot of authority and attend a
lot of those meetings.
          THE COURT: Okay.
          Mr. Connolly.
         MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Yes, Your Honor, there is a
report in the materials we've provided you on the Board of
Governors.
            There are some complicating factors there, as we
talked about at the last informal discovery conference. We're
dealing with multitude of platforms. So I don't know that we
can commit at today's date to August 1, but we'll have a
better -- we'll have our arms around it better by the next
informal --
          THE COURT: You can give me a report on June 17th?
          MR. DANIEL CONNOLLY: Yes, Your Honor.
          THE COURT: All right.
          MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Your Honor, I did want to
add a dispute that is percolating that hopefully we'll have
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more clarity in June 17th. But it is the question of text messages.

THE COURT: Oh my goodness.

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Not collecting from the players. We were specific. We're doing the search of players' text messages, as Mr. Cashman and the Court and we all knew from the last informal. But we've now been told that text messages are not — have not been searched for the search terms from the custodians currently. And so we are trying to drive that into — more facts about that. But we think there's a dispute bubbling as to whether or not texts have been searched and whether text messages will be created — will be produced under the same guidelines and under the same rigors that you told us had to occur for the players.

And I think we all recall what you said. I don't have to repeat that. But you wanted us to go back and make a specific inquiry and do the specific work. We're asking that the League do the same.

THE COURT: Okay. Have you reached a final meet and confer on that or not?

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: I don't believe we have. I think what has happened is we've been told that no such text messages exist, but we haven't been given the assurances as to what has really been searched or what inquiries have been made to come to that conclusion, which brings about this uneasiness

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     about text messages --
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               THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to ask you to meet and
 3
     confer about that before June 17th, as well.
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               Mr. Beisner?
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: I guess I would like to comment
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 6
     about that because --
 7
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Do you want to sit down
 8
     and --
 9
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: We can go wherever you want to --
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: I didn't know if you want to
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11
     shake your finger at me (laughter).
12
               MR. JOHN BEISNER: We'll talk it out.
13
               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Could you take a picture of
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     this, Your Honor, (laughter)?
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               MR. JOHN BEISNER: There's a reason why they don't
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     allow photographs in the courtroom, but anyway (laughter).
17
               Your Honor, on this issue -- and I would note the
     issue that we had with the representative Plaintiffs in the
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19
     case is we got no e-mails, no ESI, no nothing. We raised the
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     issue, and Your Honor said, you need to make inquiry about
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     what they used and search it. That's what we did at the
22
     outset of this is talk to the custodians to say, what do you
23
     use for business communications? And what they identified, we
24
     have searched. And we've gone back after this issue was
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     raised to each of the custodians and said specifically to
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     them, do you use text for your business? And they do not.
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     That's not what they do. Most of them are at an age like me
     that don't know how to do it, but that's not what they use.
 3
 4
     We'll doublecheck further and talk further and, you know, it's
     just not what these folks have used.
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               I assume that is the same inquiry that is being made
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     of Plaintiffs. The difference was that inquiry wasn't even
     made previously because we got nothing. So I think they're --
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     I think we're doing the same thing that you instructed the
     Plaintiffs to do --
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11
               THE COURT:
                           Okay. I think Mr. Zimmerman is just
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     looking for diligence, and I think you're representing to me
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     that you've been diligent. If you want to just be sure of
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     that before June 17th, that would be great.
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               MR. JOHN BEISNER:
                                  We'll do that, Your Honor.
               THE COURT: Okay. Very good.
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17
               Anything else? Yes. No, we're still good.
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               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: We have -- we can provide to
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     you the status of the Master Complaint Plaintiffs' document
                  That's -- Mr. Cashman has been wrestling with
20
     production.
21
     that, and he can give the report.
22
               MR. MICHAEL CASHMAN: Your Honor, this should be a
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     fairly easy report. As we reported at the informal
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     conference, we did produce all the documents that the six
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     named Plaintiffs had. And at that time, we had already asked
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     them about whether they had e-mails or other documents that
 2
     were responsive, and whatever they had at that time had been
 3
     produced.
                And just to clarify, we did make those inquiries
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     before, at the very early stages, about whether they had any
     of this kind of information. And then following the informal
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 6
     conference, we've gone to the extra step of hiring outside
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     consultant who has collected all ESI and we've run the search
     terms independently of what the custodians represented they
 8
 9
     may or may not have.
               We've run the search terms, all that information has
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11
     been collected, and we're going to be reviewing it.
                                                          And to
12
     the extent there is responsive and non-privileged information,
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     we're going to be producing that and expect it will be done, I
14
     hope, within two weeks.
15
               THE COURT: So, it sounds like the NHL might get
     that before the conference even?
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17
               MR. MICHAEL CASHMAN: Hopefully.
               THE COURT: All right.
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19
               MR. MICHAEL CASHMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN:
                                        The next, Your Honor, will
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     be -- Scott Andreson will do the deposition report.
22
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
23
               MR. SCOTT ANDRESON: Good afternoon, Judge.
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     wanted to confirm with the Court that one of the
25
     representations that was made earlier as it relates to the
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June 17th, one of the issues that was resolved was

Mr. Shanahan's deposition and the Walsh Act and all of that
and we're happy to report that's been resolved subsequent to
our filing.

Mr. Shanahan's deposition is scheduled for
July 22nd. You've already been informed Mr. Bettman is
July 31st. As of presently, we also have Dr. Echemendia
June 22nd; Kerry Fraser, June 17th; Paul Holmgren, June 16th;
Jim McCrossin, June 10th; Jim Gregory, June 9th; Dr. Elliot
Pellman is tomorrow, June 5th; and Dr. Burke has already been
completed.

The basic thing that I wanted to note is standing up here, we have also given the NHL a list of our next wave of deponents and, you know, we're hoping to hear back from them soon. We expect that we will. Those folks are listed in the agenda that we provided to Your Honor. We probably will continue to do it as you've suggested. As we come up with new names, we plan to give them to the NHL right away rather than wait, and I suspect that will maybe go a little faster as we take these next depositions.

So, it might not be until we get through these next few weeks and take a few depositions, then we'll have another batch of deponents. Thank you.

THE COURT: Sounds good. Very good.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: Your Honor, one concern I wanted

to raise and just want to note it because I have not had an opportunity to speak with Plaintiffs' counsel, Mr. Grygiel, about this. But I did get a rather disturbing e-mail from him last night saying that the deposition of Colin Campbell, which I notice Counsel didn't mention which is on the list as having been scheduled for Tuesday, June 30th, that he just said, without giving any reason, I want to take that off calendar. We'll do that later and ask for a substitution of one of two Club owners on that date, which suggests to me that people are available to take a deposition that day but they're just wanting to do that later.

Your Honor, we went through a process of asking specifically for the 10 depositions Plaintiffs wanted to do early. We've moved heaven and earth to produce Mr. Campbell's files early to make that happen. And I think we're quite concerned. I think we should confer on that, but I have not heard any reason why that's being taken off calendar, and I think he's ready, we've moved everything around to make him available that date, and I don't see any reason why that shouldn't go forward at that time. I'll leave it at that. I'm not asking Your Honor to do anything, but I did want to note that fly in the ointment on this schedule and our position would be it should go forward that day.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SCOTT ANDRESON: Briefly on that, Your Honor.

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     Mr. Grygiel is taking Dr. Pellman's deposition in New York
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     tomorrow so that's why he's not here. What I would suggest is
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     he did just send an e-mail to Mr. Beisner. We should probably
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     just meet and confer and talk about it. We can come back and
     talk on June 17th. You know, I think that the Plaintiffs
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 6
     certainly have, you know, been respectful of providing names
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     early, as you suggested, and the NHL has done a good job of
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     getting back to us with dates relatively promptly. If we need
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     to move a deposition for one reason or the other, it is not
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     going to change the fabric of this case or the deadlines. But
     nonetheless, we'll meet and confer on that very subject of
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12
     Mr. Campbell's deposition and we'll be able to report back on
13
     June 17th.
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                           Well, let me suggest this.
               THE COURT:
                                                        I think for
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     the convenience of everybody involved here in streamlining the
16
     case, if a deposition is scheduled, there needs to be good
17
     cause to change it.
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               MR. SCOTT ANDRESON:
                                     Okay.
19
               THE COURT: And I think you can either agree on that
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     or raise it with the Court.
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               MR. SCOTT ANDRESON: That's what I figured we'd do.
     Thanks.
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               MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: Your Honor, the next
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     topic -- and then we'll get through the agenda because there
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     are only two left -- is Defendant fact sheet. But there will
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also be a report on where we are with Plaintiff fact sheets,
as well. Although it's a good report. We're aware we need to
get. We're going to be automating that process, but I'll let
Mr. Cashman who has been quarterbacking Plaintiff and
Defendant fact sheet report to the Court.
THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MICHAEL CASHMAN: Once again, a very, very easy report, Your Honor. As you know, we've agreed on the Plaintiff fact sheet and we've seen the Court's order on fact sheets. And we're in the progress — process of getting those completed. We're working with an outside group, the Garretson Group, that we've talked about before to automate the process and make it more accessible for Plaintiffs and hopefully more functionality. Defendant fact sheets, we've had a number of discussions, Mr. Beisner and I, and those are ongoing and we expect to have further meet—and—confers and we'd like to report to the Court on the June 17th informal conference and to the extent we have any disagreements, we can resolve them at that time.

THE COURT: Very good. Okay. All right.

MR. MICHAEL CASHMAN: Thank you.

MR. JOHN BEISNER: I will state officially, I have nothing to add, Your Honor (laughter).

MR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN: I think that's it. The other one was the motion, Your Honor, and what we'd like to do

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     is re-argue it now (laughter).
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                            If you do that, I'm sending you to
                THE COURT:
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     mediation. Very good. Nice to see you. Court is adjourned.
 4
                (WHEREUPON, the matter was adjourned.)
 5
                         (Concluding at 2:44 p.m.)
 6
 7
 8
 9
                                CERTIFICATE
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11
                I, Heather A. Schuetz, certify that the foregoing is
12
     a correct transcript from the record of the proceedings in the
     above-entitled matter.
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14
15
                     Certified by: s/ Heather A. Schuetz_
16
                                   Heather A. Schuetz, RMR, CRR, CCP
                                   Official Court Reporter
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